Wah Lee Industrial Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and Independent Auditors' Report

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The entities required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates of Wah Lee Industrial Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2021 under the "Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standard No.10, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, the relevant information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Consequently, Wah Lee Industrial Corporation and its subsidiaries did not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,
Wah Lee Industrial Corporation
Ву
Jui-Chin Chung Chairman

March 22, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Wah Lee Industrial Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Wah Lee Industrial Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 is described as follows:

Occurrence of revenue from specific customers

The operating revenue from specific customers of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 showed significant growth over the past year. In addition, based on the ROC GAAS, revenue recognition is presumed to have a significant risk. Therefore, we considered the occurrence of revenue from specific customers as a key audit matter.

Refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for the related accounting policy on revenue recognition.

The main audit procedures that we performed to address the occurrence of the revenue from specific customers were as follows:

- 1. We obtained an understanding and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls relevant to shipment and revenue recognition.
- 2. We selected samples and verified the occurrence of recorded revenue from specific customers against supporting documents, including shipping and collection documents, and we checked and confirmed that the payer is the same as the buyer.

Other Matter

The financial statements of certain investees accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were audited by other independent auditors; accordingly, our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts and information disclosed, is based solely on the reports of other independent auditors.

The carrying values of the investments accounted for using the equity method as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were NT\$811,217 thousand and NT\$728,537 thousand, respectively, both representing 2% of total consolidated assets; and the amounts of the share of profit of associates for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were NT\$188,987 thousand and NT\$111,793 thousand, were representing 5% and 4% of consolidated profit before income tax.

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Wah Lee Industrial Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraph.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine

that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chiu-Yen Wu and Chen-Li Chen.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 22, 2022

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2		December 31, 2	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Notes 4 and 8) Notes receivable (Note 9) Notes receivable - related parties (Notes 9 and 28)	\$ 3,275,337 163,804 209,000 1,787,044	7 1 1 4	\$ 3,053,182 211,665 119,600 2,399,770 6,925	8 1 - 6
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 5 and 9) Accounts receivable - related parties (Notes 5, 9 and 28) Other receivables Other receivables - related parties (Note 28) Current tax assets (Note 24)	16,754,286 117,195 140,043 86,298 7	37 - - - -	15,111,761 113,442 132,686 59,752 114	39 - - - -
Merchandise (Notes 4, 5 and 10) Prepayments for purchases Other financial assets - current (Notes 11 and 29) Other current assets	5,194,090 2,289,881 2,668,676 	11 5 6	4,286,609 1,398,090 838,212 209,496	11 4 2 1
Total current assets	32,846,480	<u>72</u>	27,941,304	<u>72</u>
NONCURRENT ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 8) Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 13) Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 14, 28 and 29) Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 15) Goodwill (Note 4) Other intangible assets Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 24) Prepayments for equipment Prepayments for investments Other financial assets - noncurrent (Notes 11 and 29) Other noncurrent assets	735,329 5,956,734 4,740,804 657,852 111,203 208,299 348,894 30,727 217,564 33,084	2 13 10 1 - 1 - 1	634,098 4,826,082 3,785,578 624,245 111,809 205,407 345,131 20,663 10,000 196,403 54,249	2 12 10 2 - 1 1 - -
Total noncurrent assets	13,040,490	<u>28</u>	10,813,665	<u>28</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 45,886,970</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 38,754,969	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Note 16) Short-term bills payable (Note 16) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7) Contract liabilities - current (Notes 22 and 28) Notes payable (Note 18)	\$ 8,286,959 59,822 127 562,914 390,681	18 - - 1 1	\$ 7,400,936 59,917 280 345,351 102,174	19 - - 1
Notes payable (Note 18) Notes payable - related parties (Notes 18 and 28) Accounts payable - related parties (Notes 18 and 28) Dividends payable Other payables (Notes 19 and 28) Current tax liabilities (Note 24) Provisions - current (Notes 4 and 30) Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 15) Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 16) Refund liabilities - current Other current liabilities	8,045,912 567,881 1,363,912 371,005 80,450 95,358 376,940 178,776 26,271	18 1 1 - 3 1 - 1	1,261 7,066,208 378,004 1,400 1,223,813 272,968 64,747 538,534 174,275 29,053	18 1 - 3 1 - - 2 1
Total current liabilities	20,407,008	44	17,658,921	46
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 17) Long-term borrowings (Note 16) Provision for employee benefits - noncurrent (Note 4) Lease liabilities - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 15) Net defined benefit liabilities - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 20) Guarantee deposits received Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	1,972,752 3,562,794 52,007 595,710 295,578 2,634 1,281,669	4 8 - 1 1 - 3	4,107,003 41,875 566,902 314,840 1,616 1,155,352	11 - 1 1 - 3
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,763,144	17	6,187,588	<u>16</u>
Total liabilities	28,170,152	61	23,846,509	<u>62</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 21) Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings Other equity	2,360,179 1,690,292 2,412,040 636,618 8,783,793 11,832,451 (184,623)	$ \begin{array}{r} $	2,313,901 1,331,725 2,228,083 980,087 6,660,831 9,869,001 (636,618)	$ \begin{array}{r} $
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	15,698,299	34	12,878,009	33
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Note 21)	2,018,519	5	2,030,451	5
Total equity	17,716,818	39	14,908,460	<u>38</u>
TOTAL	\$ 45,886,970	<u>100</u>	\$ 38,754,969	<u>100</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 22, 2022)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

 $(In\ Thousands\ of\ New\ Ta\underline{i}wan\ Dollars,\ Except\ Earnings\ Per\ Share)$

	For the Y	ear End	led December 31		
	2021		2020		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 22 and 28)	\$ 70,515,303	100	\$ 59,080,920	100	
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 10, 23 and 28)	64,532,617	92	54,280,230	92	
GROSS PROFIT	5,982,686	8	4,800,690	8	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 9, 23 and 28) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Expected credit loss	2,272,525 591,317 46,134	3 1 	2,051,331 531,187 110,257	4 1 	
Total operating expenses	2,909,976	4	2,692,775	5	
OPERATING INCOME	3,072,710	4	2,107,915	3	
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 23 and 28) Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit of associates and joint ventures Total non-operating income and expenses PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 24)	49,554 155,584 (73,245) (169,443) 980,823 943,273 4,015,983	- - - 1 -1 5	52,018 151,737 (51,449) (204,649) 580,063 527,720 2,635,635 589,519	- - - 1 -1 4	
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	3,109,172	4	2,046,116	3	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Notes 21 and 24) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remandary months of defined benefit plans	0.000		(4.470)		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through	8,080	-	(4,470)	-	
other comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity	135,795	-	110,390	-	
method Income tax relating to items that will not be	677,658	1	236,698	1	
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(2,131)	-	7,804 (Cor	- ntinued)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Year Ended December 31				
	2021		2020		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of the					
financial statements of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive gain (loss) of associates accounted for using the equity	\$ (130,195)	-	\$ 16,626	-	
method Income tax relating to items that may be	(18,985)	-	9,920	-	
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	20,462		(4,571)		
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	690,684	1	372,397	1	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 3,799,856	5	<u>\$ 2,418,513</u>	4	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 2,843,277 265,895	4 	\$ 1,859,120 186,996	3	
	\$ 3,109,172	4	\$ 2,046,116	3	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owners of the Company	\$ 3,563,855	5	\$ 2,233,421	4	
Non-controlling interests	236,001		185,092		
	\$ 3,799,856	5	\$ 2,418,513	4	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 25)					
Basic	<u>\$ 12.05</u>		<u>\$ 7.88</u>		
Diluted	<u>\$ 11.64</u>		<u>\$ 7.66</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 22, 2022)

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equity Attril	outable to Owners of	the Company					
				Equity Titeria	Sutuble to Owners of	the company	Other Equity				
				Retained Earnings		Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of	Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other				
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Foreign Operations	Comprehensive Income	Subtotal	Total	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2020 Appropriation of 2019 earnings	\$ 2,313,901	\$ 1,318,065	\$ 2,084,659	\$ 679,347	\$ 6,029,012	\$ (607,512)	\$ (372,575)	\$ (980,087)	\$ 11,444,897	\$ 1,839,706	\$ 13,284,603
Legal reserve	-	-	143,424	-	(143,424)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	300,740	(300,740)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by the Company				_	(763,587)			_	(763,587)		(763,587)
Changes in capital surplus from investments in associates accounted for			143,424	300,740	(1,207,751)	_	_		(763,587)		(763,587)
using the equity method		14,506			(50,382)	_			(35,876)		(35,876)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	1,859,120	-	-	-	1,859,120	186,996	2,046,116
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020, net of income tax		=	_	=	(2,328)	23,879	352,750	376,629	374,301	(1,904)	372,397
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	1,856,792	23,879	352,750	376,629	2,233,421	185,092	2,418,513
Cash dividends distributed by the subsidiaries	<u>-</u>		_				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		(3,196)	(3,196)
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries (Note 12) Disposals of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value	-	(846)	_	_	_	_	_		(846)	846	
through other comprehensive income Associates disposed the investments in equity instruments designated as					18,567		(18,567)	(18,567)			
at fair value through other comprehensive income					14,593		(14,593)	(14,593)			
Increase in non-controlling interests	_	_		_	_				_	8,003	8,003
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020 Appropriation of 2020 earnings	2,313,901	1,331,725	2,228,083	980,087	6,660,831	(583,633)	(52,985)	(636,618)	12,878,009	2,030,451	14,908,460
Legal reserve	-	-	183,957	-	(183,957)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	(343,469)	343,469	-	-	-	- (1.010.117)	-	- (1.010.117)
Cash dividends distributed by the Company		_	192.057	(242.460)	(1,018,117)	_	-	_	(1,018,117)		(1,018,117)
Equity component of convertible bond issued by the Company		34,200	183,957	(343,469)	(858,605)		<u>-</u> _		(1,018,117)		(1,018,117) 34,200
Changes in capital surplus from investments in associates accounted for			 -								
using the equity method	46.070	359,432			(98,681)	3,828	(35,031)	(31,203)	229,548		229,548
Issuance of share dividends from capital surplus Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2021 Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31,	<u>46,278</u> -	(46,278)			2,843,277				2,843,277	265,895	3,109,172
2021, net of income tax	_	_		_	6,441	(98,824)	812,961	714,137	720,578	(29,894)	690,684
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	2,849,718	(98,824)	812,961	714,137	3,563,855	236,001	3,799,856
Disposals of investments accounted for using the equity method		(26,711)			<u>-</u> _	-			(26,711)	(3,189)	(29,900)
Actual disposal or acquisition of interest in subsidiaries (Note 12)		37,924	_		(409)		_		37,515	(232,104)	(194,589)
Cash dividends distributed by the subsidiaries Associates disposed the investments in equity instruments designated as							<u> </u>			(18,070)	(18,070)
at fair value through other comprehensive income			_		230,939	_	(230,939)	(230,939)			
Increase in non-controlling interests										5,430	5,430
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	\$ 2,360,179	<u>\$ 1,690,292</u>	<u>\$ 2,412,040</u>	\$ 636,618	<u>\$ 8,783,793</u>	<u>\$ (678,629)</u>	<u>\$ 494,006</u>	<u>\$ (184,623)</u>	<u>\$ 15,698,299</u>	\$ 2,018,519	<u>\$ 17,716,818</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 22, 2022)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Years En	ded December 31
	2021	2020
CACHELOWS EDOM ODED ATING ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income before income tax	\$ 4,015,983	\$ 2,635,635
Adjustments for:	\$ 4,015,983	\$ 2,055,055
J	320,581	277 001
Depreciation expense	43,168	277,884
Amortization expense Expected credit loss	46,134	41,073 110,257
Net (gain) loss of financial instruments at fair value through profit	40,134	110,237
or loss	(980)	6,464
Finance costs	169,443	204,649
Interest income	(49,554)	(52,018)
Dividend income	(23,888)	(16,696)
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	(980,823)	(580,063)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,389	(24,182)
Loss on disposal of foreign operations	1,507	3,371
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments accounted for using the		3,371
equity method	(20,810)	4,688
Impairment loss recognized (reversed) on inventories	153,553	(9,074)
Net loss on foreign currency exchange	1,058	38,430
Loss provision recognized	80,450	-
Others	(102)	_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(102)	
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through		
profit or loss	1,811	778
Notes receivable	612,703	(427,110)
Notes receivable - related parties	6,925	8,613
Accounts receivable	(1,686,879)	(1,739,094)
Accounts receivable - related parties	(2,885)	(9,033)
Other receivables	6,359	(10,692)
Other receivables - related parties	(2,241)	(5,746)
Merchandise	(1,059,294)	(340,836)
Prepayments for purchases	(891,791)	(379,995)
Other current assets	48,677	86,540
Financial liabilities held for trading	(9,537)	(9,837)
Contract liabilities	217,563	55,871
Notes payable	288,507	(233,040)
Notes payable - related parties	(1,261)	1,060
Accounts payable	979,704	1,533,227
Accounts payable - related parties	189,877	23,294
Other payables	91,662	117,421
Refund liabilities	4,501	12,782
Other current liabilities	(2,782)	13,504
Net defined benefit liabilities	(10,100)	(9,540)
Cash generated from operations	2,537,121	1,328,585
Interest received	35,838	51,433
Dividends received	578,130	485,434
Interest paid	(166,721)	(202,930)
Income tax paid	(668,330)	(454,447)
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,316,038	1,208,075
and Banarana woun oberming man times		(Continued)
		(Commuca)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		For the Years En	ded December 31
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 47.285			
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 47.285	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
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Through other comprehensive income 15,000 1,288		-	47,285
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Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long-term borrowings Increase in guarantee deposits received Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities Cash dividends Change in non-controlling interests Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.		-	59,840
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EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (139,947) 22,460 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 222,155 704,656 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR 3,053,182 2,348,526 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR \$3,275,337 \$3,053,182 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.	Change in non controlling interests	(200,02)	(¬,1¬3)
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NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR \$ 3,053,182 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.		(120.047)	22.460
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR 3,053,182 2,348,526 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR \$ 3,275,337 \$ 3,053,182 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(139,947)	22,460
YEAR 3,053,182 2,348,526 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR \$3,275,337 \$3,053,182 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	222,155	704,656
YEAR 3,053,182 2,348,526 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR \$3,275,337 \$3,053,182 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.		3,053,182	2,348,526
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$ 3,275,337	\$ 3,053,182
(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 22, 2022) (Concluded)	The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial	statements.	
	(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 22, 2022)		(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. ORGANIZATION

Wah Lee Industrial Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated in October 1968, and is mainly engaged in the import/export and agency business of composite materials, engineering plastic, printed circuit board, semiconductor, and computer related manufacturing materials and equipment.

The Company's shares were listed and have been trading on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since July 22, 2002.

The consolidated financial statements, which include the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on March 22, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRSs endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2022

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB
"Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020"	January 1, 2022 (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"	January 1, 2022 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use"	January 1, 2022 (Note 3)
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"	January 1, 2022 (Note 4)

- Note 1: The amendments to IFRS 9 are applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges of financial liabilities that occur on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022.
- Note 2: The amendments are applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

- Note 3: The amendments are applicable to property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after January 1, 2021.
- Note 4: The amendments are applicable to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations on January 1, 2022.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group assessed that the application of the above standards and interpretations would not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	January 1, 2023 (Note 4)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 3: The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 4: Except for deferred taxes that will be recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments will be applied prospectively to transactions that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of the above standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value, and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- c. Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as noncurrent.

d. Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries). When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if it results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the previous carrying amount of the assets, and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. The Group shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

For the detailed information of subsidiaries (including the percentage of ownership and main business), refer to Note 12, and Tables 6 and 7.

e. Acquisition of a subsidiary that does not constitute a business

When the Group acquires a subsidiary that does not constitute a business, the Group will identify and recognize the individual identifiable assets acquired (including intangible assets) and liabilities assumed, and then allocate the transaction price to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities. When allocating the transaction price, first, any identifiable assets or liabilities initially measured at an amount other than cost are initially measured at the amount specified in the applicable IFRS standards. Then the amounts of the assets and liabilities determined according to the applicable IFRS standards are deducted from the transaction price; the residual transaction price is then allocated to the remaining identifiable assets and liabilities (i.e., assets and liabilities initially measured at cost) based on their relative fair values at the date of the acquisition.

f. Foreign Currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity, transactions in currencies other than [the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction, and not retranslated subsequently.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations (including subsidiaries and associates in other countries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the New Taiwan dollar at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments recognized on identifiable assets and liabilities of acquired foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

g. Merchandise

Merchandise is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value; comparison of cost and net realizable value and recognition of write-downs are made by item. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of merchandise less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

h. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the Group and other parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates and joint ventures.

Under the equity method, investments in an associate and a joint venture are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate and joint venture. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates and joint ventures.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate and a joint venture at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group subscribes for additional new shares of an associate and a joint venture at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the associate and joint venture. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus and investments accounted for using the equity method. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to its additional subscription of the new shares of the associate and joint venture, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate and joint venture is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required had the investee directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for using the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

The entire carrying amount of an investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group transacts with its associate and joint venture, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate and joint venture are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate and joint venture that are not related to the Group.

i. Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are measured at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as "cash-generating unit") that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, with its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then pro rata to the other assets of the unit based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and the entity disposes of an operation within that unit, the goodwill associated with the operation which is disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal and is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

k. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered any impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the individual cash-generating unit on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying

amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when an entity in the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost, and investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

i Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL; such assets include debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria and derivative instruments.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any dividends or interest earned on such a financial asset.

ii Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less and repurchase agreement collateralized by bonds, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for accounts receivable. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instruments at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group determines that the following situations indicate that a financial asset is in default without taking into account any collateral held by the Group:

- i Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii When a financial asset is more than 180 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognizes its retained interest in the asset and any associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

The Group's financial liabilities, except for derivative financial instruments, are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4) Convertible bonds

The component parts of compound instruments (i.e., convertible bonds) issued by the Group are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or upon the instrument's maturity date. Any embedded derivative liability is measured at fair value.

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised; in which case, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to capital surplus. When the conversion option remains unexercised at maturity, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to capital surplus.

Transaction costs that relate to the issuance of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognized directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component.

5) Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments, which are forward contracts, to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date on which the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument; in which event, the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship. When the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is negative, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

m. Provisions

Provisions, including levies imposed by governments, are measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

n. Revenue Recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

1) Revenue from sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods comes from sales of composite materials, engineering plastic and semiconductor. Sales of goods are recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped or delivered to the customer's specific location because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Accounts receivable are recognized concurrently.

2) Revenue from the rendering of services

Commission revenue comes from the provision of intermediary or agency services to the client in the transfer of merchandise to the client's customers. The Group recognizes revenue as control of the goods is transferred to the customer, and the Group has no further obligations to the customer. Other revenue from the rendering of services is recognized as the Group fulfills their obligation.

o. Leasing

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

When the Group is a lessee, the Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

p. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to an acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Other than those stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

q. Government Grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income are recognized in other income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs that the grants are intended to compensate.

r. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expenses in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities represent the actual deficit in the Group's defined benefit plans.

s. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (refundable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act of the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain the earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred taxes for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the economic implications of the COVID-19 when making its critical accounting estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that year or in the year of the revisions and future years if the revisions affect both current and future years.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

a. Estimated impairment of accounts receivable

The provision for impairment of accounts receivable is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgment in making these assumptions and in selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's historical experience, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates as of the end of each reporting period. Where the actual future cash inflows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

b. Impairment of inventories

The net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The estimation of net realizable value is based on current market conditions and historical experience with product sales of a similar nature. Changes in market conditions may have a material impact on the estimation of the net realizable value.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
	2021	2020			
Cash on hand	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,702			
Demand deposits	2,946,410	2,865,503			
Checking accounts	10,359	17,702			
		(Continued)			

	December 31				
	2021	2020			
Cash equivalents					
Time deposits with original maturities of 3 months or less	\$ 178,853	\$ 168,275			
Repurchase agreement collateralized by bonds	138,424				
	\$ 3,275,337	\$ 3,053,182			
		(Concluded)			

a. The market rate intervals of cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Time deposits (%)	0.10-2.03	0.20-1.10	

b. The Group interacts with a variety of financial institutions with sound credit ratings to disperse credit risk, hence, there was no expected credit loss.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FVTPL - CURRENT

	Decem	iber 31
	2021	2020
Financial assets		
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL		
Hybrid instruments - structured deposits (a)	\$ 86,867	\$ 139,576
Non-derivative financial assets - mutual funds Derivative instruments (not designated for hedge) (b)	75,401	72,066
Foreign exchange forward contracts	336	23
Redemption of convertible bonds	1,200	_
The second of the latter of	<u>\$ 163,804</u>	<u>\$ 211,665</u>
Financial liabilities		
Held for trading Derivative instruments (not designated for hedge) (b)		
Foreign exchange forward contracts	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>

- a. The Group entered into a structured time deposit contract with banks. The structured time deposit contract includes an embedded derivative instrument which is not closely related to the host contract. The entire contract was assessed and mandatorily classified as at FVTPL since it contained a host that is an asset within the scope of IFRS 9.
- b. The Group entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage exposures to exchange rate fluctuations of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. These contracts did not meet the criteria of hedge effectiveness and, therefore, were not accounted for using hedge accounting.

At the end of the year, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts were as follows:

December 31, 2021

Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
Buy USD/Sell RMB Buy USD/Sell THB	2022.01-2022.02 2022.01-2022.03	USD4,500/RMB28,784 USD1,450/THB48,466
<u>December 31, 2020</u>		
Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
Buy USD/Sell RMB Buy JPY/Sell RMB	2021.01-2021.02 2021.01	USD2,000/RMB13,147 JPY50,000/RMB3,163

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Current			
Domestic investments in equity instruments Listed shares	<u>\$ 209,000</u>	<u>\$ 119,600</u>	
Noncurrent			
Domestic investments in equity instruments Listed shares Unlisted shares	\$ 119,445 <u>515,838</u> <u>635,283</u>	\$ 109,962 <u>426,667</u> <u>536,629</u>	
Foreign investments in equity instruments Listed shares Unlisted shares	23,477 76,569 100,046	19,956 77,513 97,469	
	<u>\$ 735,329</u>	<u>\$ 634,098</u>	

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they consider that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

9. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31				
	2021	2020			
Notes receivable - unrelated parties Notes receivable - operating Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 1,787,067 23	\$ 2,399,770			
	<u>\$ 1,787,044</u>	\$ 2,399,770			
Notes receivable - related parties Notes receivable - operating	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,925</u>			
Accounts receivable - unrelated parties At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 16,986,827 232,541	\$ 15,327,728 215,967			
	<u>\$ 16,754,286</u>	<u>\$ 15,111,761</u>			
Accounts receivable - related parties At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 117,333 138	\$ 114,448 1,006			
	<u>\$ 117,195</u>	\$ 113,442			

For the information on factored notes receivable pledged as collateral for borrowings, refer to Notes 27 and 29.

The main credit period of sales of goods was 60-90 days. No interest was charged on receivables. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group measures the loss allowance for accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on receivables are estimated using a provision matrix prepared by reference to the past default records of the customer, the customer's current financial position, and economic condition of the industry in which the customer operates. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off receivables when there is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the debtor has been placed under liquidation. For receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following tables detail the aging and loss allowance of receivables based on the Group's provision matrix:

December 31, 2021

	C	Customers withou	Customers			
	Not Past Due	Past Due 1-60 Days	Past Due 61-180 Days	Past Due Over 180 Days	With Signs of Default	Total
Expected credit loss rate (%)	0.1-1	1-10	10-100	50-100	100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 17,467,568 (25,142)	\$ 1,100,652 (36,621)	\$ 143,045 (31,943)	\$ 87,847 (46,881)	\$ 92,115 (92,115)	\$ 18,891,227 (232,702)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 17,442,426</u>	\$ 1,064,031	<u>\$ 111,102</u>	\$ 40,966	\$ -	\$ 18,658,525

December 31, 2020

	Customers without Signs of Default					Customers				
	Not Past Due	_	ast Due 60 Days		ast Due 180 Days		Due Over 80 Days		th Signs of Default	Total
Expected credit loss rate (%)	0.1-1		1-10	1	10-100	:	50-100		100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 17,029,388 (26,308)	\$	550,724 (15,840)	\$	69,676 (17,301)	\$	85,484 (45,615)	\$	113,599 (111,909)	\$ 17,848,871 (216,973)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 17,003,080</u>	\$	534,884	\$	52,375	\$	39,869	\$	1,690	<u>\$ 17,631,898</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of receivables were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31				
	2021	2020			
Balance at January 1	\$ 216,973	\$ 114,591			
Impairment losses recognized	46,134	110,257			
Amounts written off	(27,780)	(7,663)			
Foreign exchange translation differences	(2,625)	(212)			
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 232,702</u>	<u>\$ 216,973</u>			

10. MERCHANDISE

The costs of inventories recognized in cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$63,614,582 thousand and \$53,661,734 thousand respectively, which included the following items:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021			
Write-downs (reversal) of inventories	<u>\$ 153,553</u>	<u>\$ (9,074)</u>		

11. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31			
	2021	2020		
Current				
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months Structured deposits	\$ 234,015 2,423,574	\$ 63,055 767,667 (Continued)		

	Decen	December 31			
	2021	2020			
Pledged deposits Refundable deposits	\$ 2,000 9,087	\$ 1,300 6,190			
	<u>\$ 2,668,676</u>	<u>\$ 838,212</u>			
Noncurrent					
Pledged deposits Refundable deposits	\$ 109,392 108,172	\$ 89,330 107,073			
	\$ 217,564	\$ 196,403 (Concluded)			

a. The market rate intervals of other financial assets at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	ber 31
	2021	2020
Time deposits (%)	0.09-3.55	0.25-3.58

- b. The counterparties of the Group's time deposits were banks with good credit and no significant default concerns, hence, there was no expected credit loss.
- c. Refer to Note 29 for information on other financial assets pledged as collateral.

12. SUBSIDIARIES

The subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

The detailed information of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

			Percentage of Owners		Percentage of O		
Investor	Investee	Main Businesses	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Remark		
The Company	Wah Lee Holding Ltd. Raycong Industrial (H.K.) Ltd. (Raycong H.K.)	International investment Trading business of engineering plastic, composite materials and equipment	100.00 53.69	100.00 53.69			
	Wah Lee Japan Corp. (WL Japan)	Trading business of synthetic resin, industrial plastic, molding machine and electromechanical parts	83.33	83.33			
	Wah Lee Korea Ltd. (WL Korea)	Trading business of synthetic resin, industrial plastic, molding machine and electromechanical parts	100.00	100.00			
	Sakuragawa Solar Ltd.	Solar power generation business	99.99	99.99			
	Miyazaki Solar Ltd.	Solar power generation business	99.99	99.99			
	P.T. Wahlee Indonesia (WL Indonesia)	Trading business of industrial materials	70.00	70.00	Note 1		
	, ,				(Continued)		

			Percentage of	of Ownership	
			December 31,	December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Main Businesses	2021	2020	Remark
	Meidi H.K.	International investment	-	-	Liquidation completed in May 2020
	Wah Lee Vietnam Co., Ltd. (WL Vietnam)	Trading business of industrial materials	100.00	100.00	Way 2020
	Tranceed Logistics Co., Ltd. (Tranceed Logistics)	Freight forwarders and leasing business	63.33	63.33	
	Wah Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. (WL Industrial)	Trading business of industrial materials	51.00	51.00	
	Kingstone Energy Technology Corporation (KS Corp.)	Solar power generation business	78.67	51.00	Note 2
	Wahlee Green Energy Corporation (WL Green Corp.)	Renewable energy self-use power generation equipment business	-	25.00	Note 3
	Wah Heng Energy Technology Corp. (WH Energy)	Solar power generation business	100.00	100.00	Established in July 2020
	Evergreen New Energy Corporation	Solar power generation business	100.00	-	Established in December 2021
	Wah Lee Philippines International Corp. (WL Philippines Corp.)	Trading business of industrial materials	99.99	99.99	2021
	Wah Lee Philippines Inc. (WL Philippines Inc.)	Trading business of industrial materials	99.99	99.99	
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	SHC Holding Ltd.	International investment	100.00	100.00	
	Wah Lee Teach (Singapore) Pte., Ltd. (WL Singapore)	Agency of semiconductor materials and equipment	100.00	100.00	
	Raycong H.K.	Trading business of engineering plastic, composite materials and	46.31	46.31	
	Regent King International Limited (Regent King)	equipment Trading business of engineering plastic composite materials and equipment	100.00	100.00	
Raycong H.K.	Hua Gang International Trading Co., Ltd. (Dongguan Hua Gang)	Trading business of industrial materials	100.00	100.00	
	Chemicals and Industries Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Yikang)	Trading business of industrial materials	70.00	70.00	
	Huaying Supply Chain Management (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen Huaying)	Supply chain management and consultancy service	100.00	100.00	
Shanghai Yikang	Yadi International Trading Co., (Shanghai) Ltd. (Shanghai Yadi)	Import and export business of goods and techniques	70.00	70.00	
	Lihuang Medical Devices (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Lihuang)	Trading business of medical devices and equipment	69.97	69.97	
	Fenghuang Xingwah Shouzheng Health Management Co., Ltd (Fenghuang Xingwah Shouzheng)	Medical devices manufacturing technology developing and consulting	75.00	-	Established in January 2021
Dongguan Hua Gang	Guang Jou Shing Shian Medical Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Medical consulting	100.00	100.00	
	(Guangjou Shing Shian) Meizhou Bailun Hemodialysis Co., Ltd. (Meizhou Bailun)	Hemodialysis and examination	-	-	Liquidation completed in April 2020 (Continued)

			Percentage o	of Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Main Businesses	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Remark
Guangjou Shing Shian	Kaiping Huaxinkang Medical Service Co., Ltd. (Kaiping Huaxinkang)	Medical Service	90	-	Established in March 2021
Huaying Shenzhen	Xiamen Hua Chen Da Logistics Co., Ltd. (Xiamen Hua Chen Da)	Warehousing and logistics	70.00	70.00	
KS Corp.	KSA Energy Corporation (KSA Corp.)	Solar power generation business	100.00	100.00	
	KSB Energy Corporation (KSB Corp.)	Solar power generation business	100.00	100.00	
	Wahlee Green Energy (WL Green Corp.)	Rnewable energy self-use power generation equipment industry	-	51.00	Note 3
	KSC Energy Corporation (KSC Corp.)	Solar power generation business	100.00	100.00	Established in June 2020
	KSD Energy Corporation (KSD Corp.)	Solar power generation business	100.00	100.00	Established in November 2020
WT Industrial	P.T. Wah Tech Indonesia (WT Indonesia)	Trading business of industrial materials	66.00	66.00	
Tranceed Logistics	Cyuancheng Logistics Co., Ltd. (Cyuancheng Logistics)	Freight forwarders and leasing business	100.00	100.00	Note 4
					(Concluded)

(Concluded)

Amount

- Note 1: In June 2020, the Company's ownership percentage in WL Indonesia increased to 70% due to the Company's subscription of additional new shares of WL Indonesia at a percentage different from its existing shareholding proportion. As the transaction did not change the control of the Group over WL Indonesia, the Group processed the equity transaction by reducing the capital surplus by \$846 thousand.
- Note 2: In September 2021, the Company's ownership percentage in KS Corp. increased to 78.67% as the Company acquired 27.67% equity from unrelated parties for \$192,669 thousand in cash. As the transaction did not change the control of the Group over KS Corp., the Group processed the equity transaction by increasing the capital surplus by \$37,924 thousand.
- Note 3: KS Corp. acquired 25% equity from an unrelated party for \$1,920 thousand in cash in January 2021. As the transaction did not change the control of the Group over WL Green Corp., the Group processed the equity transaction by reducing the capital surplus by \$409 thousand. WL Green Corp. had completed liquidation in April 2021.
- Note 4: In order to obtain a logistics transportation business license, QuanShun Logistics acquired 100% of the equity of Chuancheng Logistics at a consideration of \$12,947 thousand in cash on April 30, 2020. In accordance with IFRS 3, the Group evaluated and concluded that the acquired shares of Chuancheng Logistics do not constitute a business; therefore, the share purchase transaction is accounted for as acquisition of a group of assets.

The information relating to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the relevant net cash outflow at the date of acquisition:

Acquisition of assets

Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,947
Other current assets	28
	(Continued)

	Amount
Noncurrent assets Property, plant and equipment Other intangible assets	\$ 1,995 <u>977</u>
	<u>\$ 12,947</u> (Concluded)
Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries	
	Amount
Consideration paid in cash Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired	\$ 12,947 (9,947)
	\$ 3,000

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Investments in associates			
Material associates Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. Associates that are not individually material	\$ 3,194,774 2,746,022 5,940,796	\$ 2,080,267 2,741,815 4,822,082	
Investments in joint ventures			
Joint ventures that are not individually material	15,938	4,000	
	\$ 5,956,734	\$ 4,826,082	

Refer to Tables 6 and 7 for the main business and location of the investments accounted for using the equity method.

a. Material associates

	<u> </u>	rtion of I Voting Rights
	December 31	
Name of Associate	2021	2020
Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. (CWE Inc.)	28.71%	30.98%

The Company's ownership percentage in CWE Inc. decreased as the bondholders of CWE Inc. converted the bonds into ordinary shares. Due to the change in ownership, the Company increased the capital surplus by \$153,237 thousand, transferred the unrealized gain on financial assets at FVTOCI of \$35,107 thousand to retained earnings and transferred exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations of \$3,338 thousand to loss on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method.

Fair values (Level 1) of investments in associates with available published price quotation are summarized as follows:

		Decem	iber 31
	Name of Associate	2021	2020
CWE Inc.		\$ 7,698,39 <u>5</u>	\$ 6,065,702

The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the financial statements of CWE Inc. prepared for equity accounting purposes:

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Equity Non-controlling interests	\$ 14,718,903 15,589,692 (8,323,087) (7,264,541) 14,720,967 (3,826,423)	\$ 11,117,986 12,201,685 (6,282,083) (8,122,048) 8,915,540 (2,418,385)	
	\$ 10,894,544	\$ 6,497,155	
Percentage of ownership held by the Company (%)	28.71	30.98	
Equity attributable to the Company Goodwill	\$ 3,127,347 67,427	\$ 2,012,840 <u>67,427</u>	
Carrying amount	\$ 3,194,774	\$ 2,080,267	
	For the Year End	led December 31	
	2021	2020	
Operating revenue	\$ 20,670,509	<u>\$ 16,424,018</u>	
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	\$ 2,488,063 2,309,626	\$ 1,362,120 <u>744,564</u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 4,797,689</u>	\$ 2,106,684	
Cash dividends received	<u>\$ 252,785</u>	\$ 249,357	

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's dividends receivable from CWE Inc. were \$75,203 thousand and \$51,455 thousand, respectively.

b. Aggregate information of associates and joint ventures that are not individually material

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
The Group's share of			
Net profit for the year	\$ 477,954	\$ 271,096	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	(4,952)	19,293	
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 473,002</u>	<u>\$ 290,389</u>	

- c. Changes in investment in associates and joint ventures
 - 1) In May 2021, KS Corp. invested \$44,820 thousand in Huahsuan Green Energy Co., Ltd. (HGE Co.), and as of December 31, 2021, KS Corp. held 64.99% equity of HGE Co. However, since the Group does not have control over HGE Co., the Group accounts for it as an associate.
 - 2) The Company sold all of its equity of Eco Energy Corp. to an unrelated party in September 2021 for \$97,840 thousand and recognized a gain on disposal of \$12,319 thousand, which included the transfer of capital surplus from long-term equity investments of \$14,950 thousand to the gain.
 - 3) KS Corp. sold all of its equity of Eco Energy Corp. to a related party, Open Sky Technology Corp., in September 2021 for \$97,840 thousand and recognized a gain on disposal of \$12,319 thousand, which included the transfer of capital surplus from long-term equity investments of \$14,950 thousand to the gain.
 - 4) The Company purchased 156 thousand shares of Wah Hong industrial Corp. (Wah Hong Corp.) from the open market in the amount of \$3,005 thousand in cash in 2020, and the ownership percentage increased to 26.67%. The Company's ownership percentage in Wah Hong Corp. reduced to 26.51% as Wah Hong Corp. transferred the treasury shares to employees in August 2021. Due to the change in ownership, the Company decreased the capital surplus by \$635 thousand, transferred the unrealized loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of \$76 thousand to retained earnings and transferred exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations of \$490 thousand to loss on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method. The Company purchased 4 thousand shares of Wah Hong Corp. from the open market in the amount of \$106 thousand in cash in October 2021, and the ownership percentage increased to 26.52%.
 - 5) Shanghai Yikang sold all of its equity of Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc. to CWE Inc. in June 2020 for \$82,897 thousand (RMB19,729 thousand) and recognized a loss on disposal of investments of \$4.688 thousand.
 - 6) The Company signed a joint venture agreement with a Japanese company in December 2020 to jointly establish ORC Electrical Machinery Co., Ltd (ORC Co.). According to the joint venture agreement, the Company invested \$4,000 thousand to obtain 40% of the equity, and the two parties jointly led the operating activities of ORC Co.

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Power Generation Equipment	Other Equipment	Property under Construction and Equipment to be Inspected	Total
Cost	<u> </u>					
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions Disposals Reclassified Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 744,230 104,005 - - (8,095)	\$ 1,044,017 23,430 5,982 (5,427)	\$ 1,973,680 13,770 (10,556) 257,366 (47,354)	\$ 894,191 186,230 (31,253) 8,421 (2,966)	\$ 303,192 904,106 (6,566) (257,637)	\$ 4,959,310 1,231,541 (48,375) 14,132 (63,776)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 840,140</u>	<u>\$ 1,068,002</u>	\$ 2,186,906	<u>\$ 1,054,623</u>	<u>\$ 943,161</u>	\$ 6,092,832

(Continued)

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Power Generation Equipment	Other Equipment	Property under Construction and Equipment to be Inspected	Total
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2021 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassified Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$ - - - -	\$ 326,536 30,341 3,022	\$ 208,522 107,894 (10,556)	\$ 638,674 86,584 (28,729) 2,711	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,173,732 224,819 (39,285) 5,733
differences		(1,171)	(9,030)	(2,770)		(12,971)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 358,728</u>	\$ 296,830	<u>\$ 696,470</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,028</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 840,140</u>	<u>\$ 709,274</u>	<u>\$ 1,890,076</u>	<u>\$ 358,153</u>	<u>\$ 943,161</u>	\$ 4,740,804 (Concluded)

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Power Generation Equipment	Other Equipment	Property under Construction and Equipment to be Inspected	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2020 Acquisitions through business	\$ 895,247	\$ 1,042,511	\$ 1,786,703	\$ 818,826	\$ 244,465	\$ 4,787,752
combinations	-	-	-	4,275	-	4,275
Additions	(151,005)	1,574	28,516	91,151	230,358	351,599
Disposals Reclassified	(151,085)	-	(10,556) 168,622	(25,217)	(3,009) (168,622)	(189,867)
Effect of foreign currency exchange	-	-	100,022	-	(100,022)	-
differences	68	(68)	395	5,156		5,551
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 744,230</u>	<u>\$ 1,044,017</u>	<u>\$ 1,973,680</u>	<u>\$ 894,191</u>	\$ 303,192	<u>\$ 4,959,310</u>
Accumulated depreciation	-					
Balance at January 1, 2020 Acquisitions through business	\$ -	\$ 295,986	\$ 122,637	\$ 568,635	\$ -	\$ 987,258
combinations	-	-	-	2,280	-	2,280
Depreciation expense	-	29,123	96,441	78,188	-	203,752
Disposals	-	-	(10,556)	(10,103)	-	(20,659)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		1,427		(326)		1,101
Balance at December 31, 2020	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 326,536</u>	\$ 208,522	<u>\$ 638,674</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,173,732</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 744,230</u>	<u>\$ 717,481</u>	<u>\$ 1,765,158</u>	\$ 255,517	\$ 303,192	\$ 3,785,578

a. Reconciliation of the additions to property, plant and equipment and the cash paid stated in the statements of cash flows is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,231,541	\$ 351,599
Capitalization of interest and depreciation expense	(13,306)	(12,644)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	10,064	18,957
Decrease (increase) in payables for equipment	(48,820)	17,206
Increase in provisions	(10,132)	(27,115)
Cash paid	<u>\$ 1,169,347</u>	<u>\$ 348,003</u>

b. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Office	20-63 years
Office interior decoration	5-11 years
Power generation equipment	7-20 years
Others	2-15 years

c. Refer to Note 29 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral for borrowings.

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Land	Buildings	Other Equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 30,216	\$ 585,551	\$ 8,478	\$ 624,245
Additions	13,478	104,781	17,335	135,594
Depreciation expense	(2,583)	(90,159)	(8,886)	(101,628)
Lease modification	-	298	-	298
Effects of foreign currency				
exchange differences	(13)	(643)	<u>(1</u>)	<u>(657</u>)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 41,098</u>	<u>\$ 599,828</u>	<u>\$ 16,926</u>	<u>\$ 657,852</u>
For the year ended December 31	, 2020			
			Other	
	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 3,317	\$ 135,470	\$ 9,059	\$ 147,846
Additions	28,884	524,091	2,771	555,746
Depreciation expense	(2,029)	(74,617)	(3,352)	(79,998)
Effects of foreign currency	(, /	(, ,, ,,	(-,,	(,,
exchange differences	44	607	-	651
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 30,216	<u>\$ 585,551</u>	<u>\$ 8,478</u>	<u>\$ 624,245</u>

b. Lease liabilities

	Decem	December 31		
	2021	2020		
Carrying amount				
Current	<u>\$ 95,358</u>	<u>\$ 64,747</u>		
Noncurrent	<u>\$ 595,710</u>	<u>\$ 566,902</u>		

Range of discount rate (%) for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Land	1.85	1.85	
Buildings	1.10-4.80	1.50-4.80	
Other equipment	0.98-4.80	0.98-4.80	

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Group leases abovementioned subjects for the use of office and warehouse, for installation of power generation equipment, and transportation equipment, which will expire from May 2022 to December 2043. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold subjects at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 103,344	\$ 107,978	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 2,906</u>	<u>\$ 4,757</u>	
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the			
measurement of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 26,676</u>	<u>\$ 6,897</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 224,025</u>	<u>\$ 197,727</u>	

The Group's leases of certain subjects qualify as short-term or low-value asset leases, and the Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

16. BORROWINGS

a. Short-term borrowings

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Secured bank borrowings (Note 29) Unsecured bank borrowings	\$ 996,221 <u>7,290,738</u>	\$ 709,245 6,691,691	
	\$ 8,286,959	<u>\$ 7,400,936</u>	
Annual interest rate (%)	0.53-3.85	0.50-3.70	
Short-term bills payable			

b.

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Short-term bills payable	4 40 000		
China Bills Finance Corporation	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	
Mega Bills Finance Corporation	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>	
	60,000	60,000	
		(Continued)	

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Less: Discount on short-term bills payable	<u>\$ 178</u>	\$ 83	
	\$ 59,822	<u>\$ 59,917</u>	
Annual interest rate (%)	1.64-1.79	1.64-1.79 (Concluded)	

c. Long-term borrowings

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Unsecured borrowings			
Syndicated bank loans (Note 1)	\$ 1,298,149	\$ 1,799,823	
Less: Syndicated loan fee	2,880	4,320	
2000 27100000 1000 100	1,295,269	1,795,503	
Bank loans (Note 2)	1,071,676	1,240,707	
	2,366,945	3,036,210	
Secured borrowings (Note 29)			
Syndicated bank loans (Note 3)	1,205,724	1,080,081	
Bank loans	373,316	540,149	
Other	-	919	
Less: Syndicated loan fee	6,251	11,822	
	1,572,789	1,609,327	
Less: Current portion	376,940	538,534	
	<u>\$ 3,562,794</u>	\$ 4,107,003	
Annual interest rate (%)			
Syndicated bank loans	0.62-1.85	0.66-1.85	
Bank loans	0.88-1.69	0.87-2.07	
Others	-	3.00	
Expiration period			
Syndicated bank loans	2024.01-2024.10	2024.01-2024.10	
Bank loans	2022.06-2037.06	2021.02-2037.06	
Others	-	2021.08	

Note 1: The Company signed a syndicated loan agreement with eleven banks led by Bank of Taiwan in December 2018. The main contents of the syndicated loan agreement are as follows:

- 1) The total amount of syndicated bank loans is \$3.6 billion, which is a medium-term cyclical loan and commercial paper issued with insurance quotation. The term of the loan is 5 years from the initial drawdown date (January 2019). Fractional reserve and debt recycling is available within the total amount of syndicated loans.
- 2) Pursuant to the bank loan agreement, the Group should maintain certain financial ratios which should be calculated based on audited annual consolidated financial statements. The Group had met the requirement as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

- Note 2: Pursuant to certain bank loan agreements, the Group should maintain certain financial ratios which should be calculated based on audited annual and unreviewed semiannual consolidated financial statements. The Group had met the requirement as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- Note 3: The subsidiaries KS Corp., KSA Corp. and KSB Corp. signed a syndicated loan agreement with five banks led by Bank SinoPac in September 2019, and the new borrowers, KSD Corp. and KSC Corp., were added in April 2021. The main contents of the syndicated loan agreement are as follows:
 - 1) The total amount of syndicated bank loans is \$4 billion, divided into credit limit A, credit limit B and credit limit C, which are nonrevolving credit.
 - a) The total amount of credit limit A is \$2.628 billion, which has to be fully paid off in 36 months after the initial drawdown date.
 - b) The total amount of credit limit B is \$2.628 billion, the first repayment will be made 6 months after the initial drawdown date and subsequent repayment will be made every 3 months, for a total of 19 periods. The repaid amount for period 1 through period 19 is 34% of the principal and the repaid amount for period 19 is 66% of the principal. Application for extension is acceptable.
 - c) The total amount of credit limit C is \$1.715 billion, the first repayment will be made 3 months after the initial drawdown date and subsequent repayment will be made every three months, for a total of 20 periods. The repaid amount for period 1 through period 20 is 36% of the principal and the repaid amount for period 20 is 64% of the principal. Application for extension is acceptable.
 - 2) Pursuant to bank loan agreements, each individual borrower should maintain certain financial ratios which should be calculated based on audited annual and unreviewed semiannual standalone financial statements. Each individual borrower had met the requirement as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

17. BONDS PAYABLE

December 31, 2021

3rd domestic unsecured convertible bonds

\$ 1,972,752

In August 2021, the Company issued its 3rd domestic three-year unsecured zero-coupon convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of \$2,005,000 thousand (100.25% of the face value) and a par value of \$100 thousand per bond certificate.

Bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into ordinary shares of the Company at the current conversion price per share from three months after the issuance date to the maturity date, except during the book closure period. The conversion price at the time of issuance was \$105.3 per share. In the case of ex-right or ex-dividends, the conversion price shall be adjusted according to the conversion price adjustment formula. As of December 31, 2021, the conversion price was \$98.1 per share.

If the closing price of the Company's common shares continues being at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for 30 consecutive trading days or the aggregate outstanding balance of bonds payable is less than 10% of the original issuance amount, the Company has the right to redeem the outstanding bonds payable at par value in cash during the period from three months after the issuance date to the date 40 days prior to the maturity date.

The amount of the face value of the convertible bonds plus interest compensation (1.5075%) has to be fully paid off in cash by the Company on the maturity date.

The convertible bonds contain both liability and equity components. The equity component was presented in equity under the heading of capital surplus - options; the effective interest rate of liability component was 1.08%.

	Amount
Proceeds from issuance (less transaction costs of \$5,307 thousand)	\$ 1,999,693
Redemption of options	200
Equity component	(34,200)
Liability component at the date of issue	1,965,693
Interest charged at an effective interest rate	7,059
Liability component at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 1,972,752</u>

18. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) are mainly related to operating activities. Trading conditions are negotiated separately. The Group has formulated a financial risk management policy, in order to ensure all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit period, therefore no interest is required.

19. OTHER PAYABLES

	December 31			1
		2021		2020
Payable for salaries or bonuses	\$	587,407	\$	673,642
Payable for employees' compensation and remuneration of directors		372,114		237,733
Payable for commission		98,082		28,960
Payable for equipment		55,691		6,871
Others		250,618		276,607
	\$	1,363,912	\$	1,223,813

20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Company makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

Subsidiaries are required by local regulations to make contributions to central provident fund and retirement insurance, which are also considered defined contribution plans.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Company contributes amounts equal to 8% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension

fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The subsidiaries Raycong H.K. and WT Industrial both have pension plans covering eligible employees, which is also considered defined benefit plan.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans were as follows:

December 31

2020

2021

Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets		\$ 383,468 (87,890)	\$ 414,688 (99,848)
Net defined benefit liabilities		<u>\$ 295,578</u>	<u>\$ 314,840</u>
Movements in net defined benefit liabilities we	re as follows:		
	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 431,598	<u>\$ (110,930</u>)	\$ 320,668
Service cost Current service cost Past service cost Net interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss	2,370 (42) 2,623 4,951	(74 <u>1</u>) (74 <u>1</u>)	2,370 (42) 1,882 4,210
Remeasurement Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions Actuarial gain - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income	11,720 (3,377) 8,343	(3,873) - - - (3,873)	(3,873) 11,720 (3,377) 4,470
Contributions from the employer		(11,508)	(11,508)
Benefits paid	(29,446)	27,204	(2,242)
Exchange differences on foreign plans	(758)		(758)
Balance at December 31, 2020	414,688	(99,848)	314,840
			(Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Service cost Current service cost Past service cost Net interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss	\$ 1,894 (1,564) 1,154 1,484	\$ - (294) (294)	\$ 1,894 (1,564) <u>860</u> 1,190
Remeasurement Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial gain - changes in financial	-	(1,447)	(1,447)
assumptions Actuarial loss - changes in demographic assumptions	(12,248) 348	-	(12,248) 348
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income	5,267 (6,633)	(1,447)	5,267 (8,080)
Contributions from the employer		(11,290)	(11,290)
Benefits paid	(24,989)	24,989	-
Exchange differences on foreign plans	(1,082)		(1,082)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 383,468</u>	<u>\$ (87,890)</u>	\$ 295,578 (Concluded)

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

1) Investment risk

The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.

2) Interest risk

A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

3) Salary risk

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salaries of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Discount rate (%)	0.70	0.30	
Expected rate of salary increase (%)	2.00	2.00	

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions will occur and all other assumptions will remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) as follows:

	Decem	December 31		
	2021	2020		
Discount rate				
0.25% increase	\$ (7,393)	\$ (8,42 <u>5</u>)		
0.25% decrease	\$ 7,634	\$ 8,711		
Expected rate of salary				
0.25% increase	<u>\$ 7,517</u>	\$ 8,542		
0.25% decrease	\$ (7,318)	<u>\$ (8,307</u>)		

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Expected contributions to the plan for the next year	<u>\$ 27,107</u>	<u>\$ 26,354</u>	
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation	8 years	8 years	

21. EQUITY

a. Share capital

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Number of authorized shares (in thousands)	500,000	500,000	
Amount of authorized shares	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	
Number of issued and fully paid shares (in thousands)	236,018	231,390	
Amount of issued and fully paid shares	\$ 2,360,179	<u>\$ 2,313,901</u>	

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends. Based on the Company's articles of incorporation (the "Articles"), part of authorized shares can be issued as preferred shares.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (Note)			
Issuance of share capital	\$ 1,114,241	\$ 1,160,519	
Difference between consideration paid and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisition	37,924	-	
Difference between the consideration received or paid and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual disposal or acquisition from associates accounted for using the			
equity method	1,808	-	
Expired share options	22,374	22,374	
Donations	11,867	11,867	
May be used only to offset a deficit			
Share of changes in capital surplus of associates	467,878	136,965	
May not be used for any purpose			
Share warrants	34,200		
	<u>\$ 1,690,292</u>	\$ 1,331,725	

Note: Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).

c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as a legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, except when the accumulated amount of such legal reserve equals to the Company's total issued capital, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. The common share dividends will be distributed after the distribution of preferred share dividends based on the Articles.

The dividend policy of the Company is based on the current and future development plans, investment environment, capital requirements and competition in the domestic and foreign markets, as well as the benefits of shareholders, etc. The dividends to shareholders shall be not less than 10% of the distributable earnings each year, but if the distributable earnings is less than 1% of the Company's paid-in capital, the Company should not make appropriation for dividends. The dividends to shareholders can be paid in cash or/and issued shares, but cash dividends shall be not less than 50% of the total dividends.

The legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Items referred to under Rule No. 1010012865 and Rule No. 1010047490 issued by the FSC and in the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs" should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Company. On the first-time adoption of IFRSs, the Company appropriated to the special reserve \$72,302 thousand.

The appropriations of earnings for 2020 and 2019 had been approved in the shareholders' meetings in July 2021 and May 2020, respectively; the amounts were as follows:

	Appropriation	n of Earnings	Dividends Pe	er Share (NT\$)	
	For the Ye	ear Ended	For the Y	ear Ended	
	Decem	December 31		December 31	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Legal reserve	\$ 183,957	<u>\$ 143,424</u>			
Special reserve	\$ (343,469)	\$ 300,740			
Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 1,018,117	\$ 763,587	\$ 4.4	\$ 3.3	

As of July 28, 2021, the transfer of the amount of \$46,278 thousand from the capital surplus to share capital was approved in the shareholders' meeting, where share dividends equivalent to \$0.2 per share were issued, and capital increased by 4,628 thousand new ordinary shares.

The appropriations of earnings for 2021 had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 22, 2022. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)		
Legal reserve	\$ 298,157			
Reversal of special reserve	\$ (451,995)			
Cash dividends to shareholders	\$ 1,604,922	\$ 6.8		

The appropriations of earnings for 2021 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders in their meeting to be held on May 27, 2022.

d. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021 2020		
Balance at January 1	\$ (583,633)	\$ (607,512)	
Recognized for the year			
Exchange differences on translating the financial			
statements of foreign operations	(100,301)	15,159	
Share from associates accounted for using the equity			
method	(18,985)	9,920	
Income tax	20,462	(4,571)	
Reclassification adjustment			
Share from the disposal of associates accounted for using			
the equity method	3,828	-	
Disposal of foreign operations	_	3,371	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (678,629</u>)	<u>\$ (583,633)</u>	

2) Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Balance at January 1	\$ (52,985)	\$ (372,575)	
Recognized for the year			
Unrealized gain - equity instruments	135,795	110,390	
Share from associates accounted for using the equity			
method	677,681	235,449	
Income tax	(515)	6,911	
Reclassification adjustment			
Share from the disposal of associates accounted for using the equity method	(35,031)	_	
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred	(33,031)		
to retained earnings due to disposal			
Equity instruments of the Group	-	(18,567)	
Share from associates accounted for using the equity method	(230,939)	(14,593)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 494,006</u>	<u>\$ (52,985)</u>	

e. Non-Controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2021		2020
Balance at January 1	\$	2,030,451	\$	1,839,706
Other comprehensive income (loss) during the year				
Net profit for the year		265,895		186,996
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of				
foreign operations		(29,894)		(1,904)
Non-controlling interests arising from acquisition of subsidiaries		5,430		-
Non-controlling interests arising from subsidiaries' capital				
increase		_		11,729
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries		(232,104)		-
Disposals of investments in equity method		(3,189)		-
Cash dividends distributed to non-controlling interests		(18,070)		(3,196)
Capital refund from subsidiaries		<u> </u>		(2,880)
Balance at December 31	\$	2,018,519	\$	2,030,451

22. REVENUE

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Revenue from sale of goods	\$ 69,338,021	\$ 58,183,071	
Other operating revenue	1,177,282	897,849	
	<u>\$ 70,515,303</u>	\$ 59,080,920	

a. Contract balances

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	January 1, 2020
Notes receivable (including related parties) Accounts receivable, net (including related	\$ 1,787,044	\$ 2,406,695	\$ 1,988,198
parties)	16,871,481	15,225,203	13,587,121
	<u>\$ 18,658,525</u>	<u>\$ 17,631,898</u>	\$ 15,575,319
Contract liabilities Sale of goods	<u>\$ 562,914</u>	<u>\$ 345,351</u>	\$ 289,480

The changes in the balance of contract liabilities primarily resulted from the timing difference between the date the Group fulfills its performance obligation and the date the customer's payment is received. There are no significant changes for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Revenue recognized in the current reporting period from the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is as follows:

	For the Year End	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020		
Sale of goods	<u>\$ 316,660</u>	<u>\$ 286,976</u>		

b. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 33 for information about the disaggregation of revenue.

23. NET PROFIT

The details of net profit were as follows:

a. Other income (Note 28)

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Rental income	\$ 23,444	\$ 25,068	
Dividend income	23,888	16,696	
Consulting service income	18,323	38,551	
Government grants	44,688	31,625	
Others	45,241	39,797	
	<u>\$ 155,584</u>	<u>\$ 151,737</u>	

b. Other gains and losses

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Net gain (loss) of financial instruments at FVTPL	\$ 980	\$ (6,464)	
Net foreign exchange gains (loss)	14,288	(31,107) (Continued)	

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Gains (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gains (loss) on disposal of associates (Note 13) Loss on disposal of foreign operations Loss provision recognized (Note 30) Others	\$ (1,389) 20,810 - (80,450) (27,484)	\$ 24,182 (4,688) (3,371) - (30,001)	
	<u>\$ (73,245)</u>	\$ (51,449) (Concluded)	

c. Financial costs

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Interest on bank loans	\$ 150,914	\$ 197,174	
Syndicated loan fee amortization	3,581	3,050	
Interest on lease liabilities	15,329	11,203	
Interest on convertible bonds	7,059	-	
Less: Amount included in cost of qualifying assets	<u>7,440</u>	6,778	
	\$ 169,443	\$ 204,649	
Capitalized rate (%)	1.43-1.85	1.85	

d. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 224,819	\$ 203,752	
Right-of-use assets	101,628	79,998	
Intangible assets	40,791	33,750	
Other noncurrent assets	2,377	7,323	
Less: Amount included in cost of qualifying assets	5,866	5,866	
	\$ 363,749	<u>\$ 318,957</u>	
An analysis of depreciation by function			
Operating costs	\$ 204,562	\$ 166,101	
Operating expenses	<u>116,019</u>	111,783	
	<u>\$ 320,581</u>	<u>\$ 277,884</u>	
An analysis of amortization by function			
Operating costs	\$ 9,579	\$ 9,700	
Operating expenses	33,589	31,373	
	<u>\$ 43,168</u>	<u>\$ 41,073</u>	

e. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021	2020		
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 1,632,599	\$ 1,566,685		
Post-employment benefits				
Defined contribution plans	52,732	39,632		
Defined benefit plans (Note 20)	1,190	4,210		
1	53,922	43,842		
	<u>\$ 1,686,521</u>	<u>\$ 1,610,527</u>		
An analysis by function				
Operating costs	\$ 119,969	\$ 87,960		
Operating expenses	1,566,552	1,522,567		
	\$ 1,686,521	\$ 1,610,527		

f. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

The Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at the rates between 9% and 13% and no higher than 2%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 which have been approved by the Company's board of directors on March 22, 2022 and March 26, 2021, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021		2020	
	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Amount	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Amount
Compensation of employees paid in cash Remuneration of directors paid in cash	9 1.15	\$ 329,953 42,161	9 1.15	\$ 210,798 26,935

If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There was no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

24. INCOME TAX

a. The major components of income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Current tax			
In respect of the current year	\$ 704,116	\$ 494,473	
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	51,567	11,325	
Adjustments for prior years	10,791	391	
, ,	766,474	506,189	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year	140,337	83,330	
	\$ 906,811	\$ 589,519	

The reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021		2020	
Profit before tax	<u>\$</u>	4,015,983	<u>\$</u>	2,635,635
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$	853,166	\$	573,250
Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income		6,997		6,972
Domestic investment income		(178,928)		(113,398)
Deferred tax effect of earnings of subsidiaries		145,240		99,715
Other adjustments		(1,202)		6,912
Income tax on unappropriated earnings		51,567		11,325
Adjustments for prior years		10,791		391
Nondeductible withholding tax		19,180	_	4,352
	<u>\$</u>	906,811	\$	589,519

The corporate income tax rate is 20%, the tax rate applicable to subsidiaries in China is 25%, the tax rate applicable to subsidiaries in Singapore is 17%, the tax rate applicable to subsidiaries in Thailand is 20%, and tax rates applicable to other entities in the Group operating in other jurisdictions are based on the tax laws in those jurisdictions.

As the status of appropriations of earnings for 2022 is uncertain, the potential income tax consequences of the 2021 unappropriated earnings are not reliably determinable.

b. Income tax benefit recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Deferred tax benefit (expense)			
In respect of the current year Unrealized loss on financial assets at FVTOCI	\$ (515)	\$ 6,911	
Remeasurement on defined benefit plan Translation of foreign operations	(1,616) 20,462	893 (4,571)	
	\$ 18,331	\$ 3,233	

c. Current tax assets and liabilities

	Decem	ber 31
	2021	2020
Current tax assets	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 114</u>
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 371,005</u>	<u>\$ 272,968</u>

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2021

		Opening Balance	ognized in fit or Loss	Com	ognized in Other prehensive ncome	change erences	Clos	ing Balance
Deferred tax assets								
Temporary differences								
Provision for loss on inventories	\$	35,331	\$ 28,495	\$	_	\$ (445)	\$	63,381
Unpaid bonuses		88,382	(22,226)		-	908		67,064
Refund liabilities		34,791	209		-	-		35,000
Unrealized consulting expenses		27,854	(14,108)		-	(130)		13,616
Defined benefit plan		60,002	(2,039)		(1,616)	-		56,347
Foreign operations loss and exchange								
differences		35,843	(5,441)		5,692	-		36,094
Others		62,835	 15,027		<u> </u>	 (881)		76,981
		345,038	(83)		4,076	(548)		348,483
Loss carryforwards	_	93	 318	_	-	 	_	411
	\$	345,131	\$ 235	\$	4,076	\$ (548)	\$	348,894
Deferred tax liabilities								
Temporary differences Foreign operations income and exchange								
differences	\$	1,145,608	\$ 137,463	\$	(14,255)	\$ -	\$	1,268,816
Others	_	9,744	 3,109			 		12,853
	\$	1,155,352	\$ 140,572	\$	(14,255)	\$ 	\$	1,281,669

For the year ended December 31, 2020

		pening alance	ognized in it or Loss	Comp	gnized in other rehensive come	change erences	Closi	ng Balance
Deferred tax assets	•							
Temporary differences								
Provision for loss on inventories	\$	42,769	\$ (7,995)	\$	-	\$ 557	\$	35,331
Unpaid bonuses		67,470	20,544		-	368		88,382
Refund liabilities		32,164	2,627		-	-		34,791
Unrealized consulting expenses		27,248	237		-	369		27,854
Defined benefit plan		62,456	(3,347)		893	-		60,002
Foreign operations loss and exchange								
differences		36,511	(4,655)		3,987	-		35,843
Others		57,031	 4,109		1,929	(234)		62,835
		325,649	11,520		6,809	1,060		345,038
Loss carryforwards	-		 93			 		93
	\$	325,649	\$ 11,613	\$	6,809	\$ 1,060	\$	345,131

(Continued)

		oening alance		gnized in it or Loss	Comp	gnized in Other rehensive acome	Exch Differ	0	Clos	sing Balance
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>-</u>									
Temporary differences Foreign operations income and exchange										
differences	\$ 1	,046,988	\$	95,044	\$	3,576	\$	-	\$	1,145,608
Others	-	9,845		(101)						9,744
	<u>\$ 1</u>	,056,833	<u>\$</u>	94,943	\$	3,576	\$		<u>\$</u> (C	1,155,352 oncluded)

e. Deductible temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

	Decem	ber 31
	2021	2020
Evaluation loss of foreign investments	<u>\$ 116,383</u>	<u>\$ 116,383</u>

f. Information about unused loss carryforwards

Loss carryforwards of subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 comprise:

Unused Amount	Expiry Year
\$ 345	119
<u>1,710</u>	120
\$ 2.055	

g. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognized

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries for which no deferred tax liabilities have been recognized were \$1,679,101 thousand and \$1,173,920 thousand.

h. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Company and the domestic subsidiaries through 2019 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

Shanghai Yikang and Dongguan Hua Gang had completed the filing of their tax returns through 2020 with the tax authorities.

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

The information of the change in basic and diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2020 that was adjusted retrospectively due to the issuance of bonus shares on September 10, 2021 was as follows:

	Before Retrospective Adjustment	After Retrospective Adjustment
Basic earnings per share (NT\$) Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)	\$ 8.03 \$ 7.81	\$ 7.88 \$ 7.66

Earnings and weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of EPS were as follows:

a. Net profit for the year

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021	2020		
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Convertible bonds	\$ 2,843,277 <u>967</u>	\$ 1,859,120 		
Net profit used in computation of diluted EPS	<u>\$ 2,844,244</u>	<u>\$ 1,859,120</u>		

b. Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousands)

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021	2020		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding used in				
computation of basic EPS	236,018	236,018		
Effect of potentially dilutive shares				
Employees' compensation	3,658	6,768		
Convertible bonds	4,760			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding used in				
computation of diluted EPS	244,436	242,786		

The Company offers to settle the employees' compensation in cash or shares; thus, the Company assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares were included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted EPS, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted EPS until the shareholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt and equity.

The key management personnel of the Group periodically reviews the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the key management personnel, in order to balance the overall capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and/or the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements, except those discussed in Note 16.

27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group's management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values, except for bonds payable.

The carrying amount and fair value of the bonds payable on December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Amount
Carrying amount	<u>\$ 1,972,752</u>
Fair value	\$ 1,969,200

The fair value of the bonds payable based on Level 3 fair value measurement was determined using the binomial option pricing model, where the significant and unobservable input was historical volatility.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2021

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds Structured deposits Foreign exchange forward	\$ 75,401	\$ - 86,867	\$	\$ 75,401 86,867
contracts	-	336	-	336
Redemption options of convertible bonds	_	-	1,200	1,200
	\$ 75,401	\$ 87,203	\$ 1,200	\$ 163,804
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic listed shares	\$ 241,532	\$ 86,913	\$ - 502.407	\$ 328,445
Unlisted shares Foreign listed shares	23,477	<u>-</u>	592,407 	592,407 23,477
	\$ 265,009	\$ 86,913	\$ 592,407	\$ 944,329
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 127</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 127</u>

December 31, 2020

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds Structured deposits Foreign exchange forward	\$ 72,066	\$ - 139,576	\$ -	\$ 72,066 139,576
contracts		23		23
	\$ 72,066	\$ 139,599	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 211,665</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic listed shares	\$ 154,071	\$ 75,491	\$ -	\$ 229,562
Unlisted shares Foreign listed shares	<u> 19,956</u>	<u> </u>	504,180	504,180 19,956
	<u>\$ 174,027</u>	<u>\$ 75,491</u>	<u>\$ 504,180</u>	\$ 753,698
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 280</u>

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Balance at January 1	\$ 504,180	\$ 511,494	
Purchases	60,000	_	
Reduction of capital	(15,000)	(1,288)	
Recognized in other comprehensive income	43,227	<u>(6,026</u>)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 592,407</u>	\$ 504,180	

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Structured deposits	Based on the financial product information provided by financial institutions, the valuation method was based on the rate of return of the deposit principal and its linked targets.
Derivative financial assets	The estimated future cash flows were based on the observable forward exchange rate at the end of the year and the exchange rate stipulated in the contract, and are discounted separately at rates that reflects the credit risk of each counterparty.
	(Continued)

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Emerging market shares	The fair value was assessed by reference to the transaction price supported by observable market prices.
	(Concluded)

4) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

a) Investments in equity instruments

The fair value of the unlisted shares held by the Group was measured using the market approach based on the price-book ratio of comparable companies or by the latest net value of the investees.

b) Redemption options of convertible bonds

The fair value of redemption options of convertible bonds was determined using the binomial option pricing model where the significant and unobservable input was historical volatility.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31			
		2021		2020
Financial assets	_			
FVTPL				
Mandatorily classified at FVTPL	\$	163,804	\$	211,665
FVTOCI				
Equity instruments		944,329		753,698
Measured at amortized cost (Note 1)	2	25,046,443		21,912,133
Financial liabilities	_			
FVTPL				
Held for trading		127		280
Measured at amortized cost (Note 2)	2	24,630,287		20,879,466

Note 1: Including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and other financial assets, etc.

Note 2: Including short-term borrowings, short-term bills payable, notes payable (including related parties), accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion), bonds payable and guarantee deposits received, etc.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the market risks as follows:

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group had foreign currency trades, which exposed the Group to foreign currency risk, and the carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 31.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the USD.

The sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel is 1%. The sensitivity analysis included only the outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items at the balance sheet date. Had the functional currency weakened (strengthened) by 1% against the USD, the pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been higher (lower) by \$2,574 thousand and \$3,837 thousand, respectively.

b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31			
		2021		2020
Fair value interest rate risk				
Financial assets	\$	2,912,045	\$	1,025,233
Financial liabilities		7,267,678		6,096,367
Cash flow interest rate risk				
Financial assets		3,120,623		2,929,897
Financial liabilities		7,682,657		6,641,672

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below shows the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets and liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

If interest rates had been 1% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been lower/higher by \$45,620 thousand and \$37,118 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate deposits and borrowings.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities and mutual funds. The Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group's equity price risk was mainly concentrated on equity instruments of unlisted shares.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below shows the exposure to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been higher/lower by \$754 thousand and \$721 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL, and the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been higher/lower by \$9,443 thousand and \$7,537 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk could be equal to the total of the following:

- a) The carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheets; and
- b) The amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees provided by the Group.

The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and credit exposure is controlled by setting credit limits of counterparties annually.

The concentration of credit risk was limited due to the fact that the customer base was large and unrelated.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

Liquidity risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed-upon repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, liabilities with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the counterparties choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed-upon repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are at floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate at the end of the year.

	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-20 Years	Total
December 31, 2021	_				
Non-interest bearing liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Lease liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities Financial guarantee contracts	\$ 10,368,386 5,758,191 107,058 3,042,252 1,083,487 \$ 20,359,374	\$ 2,634 1,890,859 262,270 3,630,355 \$ 5,786,118	\$ - 149,835 170,891 - - \$ 320,726	\$ - 43,138 241,940 - - \$ 285,078	\$ 10,371,020 7,842,023 782,159 6,672,607 1,083,487 \$ 26,751,296
December 31, 2020	_				
Non-interest bearing liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Lease liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities Financial guarantee contracts	\$ 8,772,860 4,816,721 84,622 3,715,747 1,160,995 \$ 18,550,945	\$ 1,616 988,769 253,293 1,818,464 	\$ - 600,451 170,577 	\$ - 385,440 233,857 - - - \$ 619,297	\$ 8,774,476 6,791,381 742,349 5,534,211 1,160,995 \$ 23,003,412

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts were the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement with an option to demand the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty of the financial guarantee contract. Based on expectations at the end of the year, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate non-derivative financial liabilities were subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates at the end of the year.

e. Transfers of financial assets

1) Recognition of notes receivable that had been transferred

The Group discounted commercial acceptance bills to banks and transferred a portion of commercial acceptance bills in China to some of its suppliers in order to settle the accounts payable to these banks or suppliers. If these commercial acceptance bills are not recoverable at maturity, banks or suppliers have the right to request the Group to pay the unsettled balance. As the Group has not transferred the significant risks and rewards relating to these commercial acceptance bills, it continues to recognize the full carrying amounts of these commercial acceptance bills and treats these commercial acceptance bills that have been transferred as collateral.

	December 31		
	2021	2020	
Discounted to banks	<u>\$ 846,749</u>	\$ 709,245	
Endorsement transfer to suppliers	<u>\$ 182,199</u>	<u>\$ 413,991</u>	

2) Derecognition of notes receivable that had been transferred

The Group transferred a portion of its banker's acceptance bills in China to some of its suppliers in order to settle the accounts payable to these suppliers. As the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to these bills receivable, it derecognized the full carrying amount of the bills receivable and the associated accounts payable. However, if the derecognized bills receivable

are not paid at maturity, the suppliers have the right to request the Group to pay the unsettled balance; therefore, the Group still has continuing involvement in these bills receivable.

The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's continuing involvement in the derecognized bills receivable is equal to the face amount of the transferred but unsettled bills receivable, and as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the face amount of these unsettled bills receivable was \$39,167 thousand and \$390,423 thousand, respectively. The unsettled bills receivable will be due in 1-7 and 1-6 months. Taking into consideration the credit risk of these derecognized bills receivable, the Group estimates that the fair value of its continuing involvement is not significant.

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group did not recognize any gains or losses upon the transfer of the banker's acceptance bills. No gains or losses were recognized from the continuing involvement, both during the period or cumulatively.

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between the Group and related parties were disclosed as follows:

a. Name of related parties and relationships with the Group

Related Party	Relationship with the Group		
CWE Inc.	Associate		
Nagase Wahlee Plastics Corp.	Associate		
Wah Hong Corp.	Associate		
ORC Technology Corp.	Associate		
ORC Electrical Machinery Corp.	Associate (Joint Venture)		
Shanghai Hua Chang Trading Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Xiamen JianYuan Rung Logistic Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Eco Energy Corporation	Associate (became an unrelated		
	party after selling shares in September 2021)		
Huahsuan Green Energy Corp.	Associate		
Shanghai Chang Wah Electromaterials Inc.	Associate's subsidiary		
Chang Wah International Trade (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Chang Wah Technology Co. Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
SIP Chang Hong Optoelectronics Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Sun Hong Optronics Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Xiamen G&H Electronics Co., Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Ningpo Changhong Optoelectronics Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Qingdao Changhong Optoelectronics Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Wah Ma Chemical Sdn. Bhd.	Associate's subsidiary		
PT Wah Hong Indonesia	Associate's subsidiary		
Suzhou Shanji Photoelectric Co., Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary		
Bao Guang Investment Co., Ltd.	Key management personnel (Director of the Company)		
Open sky Technology Corp.	Other related party (adopt equity method for subsidiaries before September 2021)		
Welo-tech Corp.	Other related party (adopt equity method for subsidiaries)		
Daily Polymer Corp.	Other related party		
Asahi Kasei Wah Lee Hi-tech Corp.	Other related party		
JingYi Technology Co.	Other related party		
	(Continued)		

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
Forcera Materials Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Minima Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Taigene Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Sin Hao Co., Ltd.	Other related party
Raycon Industries Inc.	Other related party
•	(Concluded)

b. Operating transactions

1) Operating revenues

	For the Year End	ded December 31
Related Party Category	2021	2020
Sale of goods		
Associates and their subsidiaries	\$ 437,222	\$ 389,411
Other related parties	<u>15,475</u>	15,580
	<u>\$ 452,697</u>	<u>\$ 404,991</u>
Other operating revenues		
Associates and their subsidiaries	\$ 26,638	\$ 11,801
Other related parties	<u>30,016</u>	9,322
	\$ 56,654	<u>\$ 21,123</u>

The selling prices and collection terms of sales to related parties were similar to third parties.

2) Purchase of goods

Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Associates and their subsidiaries Other related parties	\$ 724,793 	\$ 576,889 1,348,756	
	\$ 2,197,973	\$ 1,925,645	

The prices of purchases from related parties were made under arm's length terms and there were no similar transactions with third parties for comparison; payment terms were similar to third parties.

3) Operating expense

	For the Year Ended December 31			
Related Party Category	2021	2020		
Commission Associates Other related parties	\$ 1,418 155 \$ 1.573	\$ 608 154 \$ 762		
Service expense Other related parties	\$ 10,100	<u>\$</u> -		

4) Receivables from related parties

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Notes receivable - related parties		
Associates	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 6,925
Accounts receivable - related parties		
Associates and their subsidiaries Other related parties Less: Allowance for losses	\$ 114,154	\$ 96,695 17,753 114,448 1,006
Other receivables - related parties	<u>\$ 117,195</u>	<u>\$ 113,442</u>
Associates and their subsidiaries CWE Inc. Others Other related parties	\$ 75,203 10,399 696 \$ 86,298	\$ 51,455 2,880 5,417 \$ 59,752

The outstanding receivables from related parties are unsecured.

5) Payables to related parties

	Decem	iber 31
	2021	2020
Notes payable - related parties		
Associates	\$ -	\$ 938
Other related parties		323
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,261</u>
Accounts payable - related parties		
Associates and their subsidiaries	\$ 144,638	\$ 127,369
Other related parties	423,243	250,635
	<u>\$ 567,881</u>	<u>\$ 378,004</u>
Other payables		
Associates and their subsidiaries	\$ 2,432	\$ 2,510
Other related parties	445	5,843
	<u>\$ 2,877</u>	<u>\$ 8,353</u>

The outstanding payables to related parties are unsecured.

6) Contract liabilities

		December 31		
	Related Party Category	2021	2020	
Associates		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,872</u>	

c. Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment

		For The Year Ended December 31		
	Related Party Category	2021	2020	
Associates		<u>\$ 147,028</u>	<u>\$ 114,606</u>	

d. Disposals of property, plant and equipment

		Proceeds For the Year Ended December 31		Gain on Disposal	
				ear Ended lber 31	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Associates Other related parties	\$ - 100	\$ 9,181 	\$ - 100	\$ 1,208 	
	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ 9,181</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ 1,208</u>	

e. Disposals of investment under the equity method, please refer to Note 13.

f. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
Related Party Category/Name	2021	2020	
Associates and their subsidiaries			
Wah Hong Corp.	\$ 13,492	\$ 25,059	
Others	3,249	8,173	
	16,741	33,232	
Other related parties	3,627	3,425	
Key management personnel	24	24	
	\$ 20,392	\$ 36.681	

Other income included rental income, consulting service income, endorsement income and remuneration of director and supervisor, etc.

g. Lease arrangements

Ç	For the Year Ended December 31		
Related Party Category	2021	2020	
Lease expense			
Associated	\$ -	\$ 35	
Other related parties	247	279	
	<u>\$ 247</u>	\$ 314	

h. Endorsements and guarantees

	December 31		
Related Party Category	2021	2020	
Associates			
Amount endorsed	\$ 1,422,096	\$ 1,183,456	
Amount utilized	\$ 1,044,320	\$ 770,572	
Other related parties			
Amount endorsed	\$ 25,194	\$ 25,194	
Amount utilized	\$ -	\$ -	

i. Remuneration of key management personnel

The amounts of the remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2021	2020	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 160,036 <u>802</u>	\$ 128,143 <u>909</u>	
	<u>\$ 160,838</u>	<u>\$ 129,052</u>	

The remuneration of directors and other key management was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

29. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL

The Group provided the following assets as collateral for part of borrowings and performance guarantee:

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Notes receivable	\$ 1,028,948	\$ 1,123,236
Other financial assets - current	2,000	1,300
Other financial assets - noncurrent	109,392	89,330
Property, plant and equipment		
Freehold land	457,022	457,022
Buildings	396,944	410,439
Power generation equipment	1,613,580	1,460,394
Other		1,260
	\$ 3,607,886	\$ 3,452,981

In addition to the above assets as collateral, the Group also provided the shares of some subsidiaries as collateral for borrowings, please refer to Table 2.

30. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of December 31, 2021 were as follows:

- a. The Group's unused letters of credit for the purchase of merchandise amounted to \$202,791 thousand.
- b. The unrecognized commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment were \$230,317 thousand.
- c. Company A filed a lawsuit with the Taipei District Court against KS Corp. for failing to fulfill its obligation of placing orders under a purchase agreement and demanded compensation of \$50,363 thousand. In October 2020, a judgment entered in the first instance was announced that Company A won the case; KS Corp. appealed and recognized the related loss provision of \$50,363 thousand in 2021. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the case is still under trial, and the outcome of the final trial is highly uncertain.
- d. Company B filed a letter to KS Corp. in November 2020 to terminate a lease agreement, requested KS Corp. to pay a default penalty of \$41,704 thousand and confiscate the guarantee deposit. KS Corp., based on the advice from the legal counsel, believed that there were unavoidable reasons for it to waive the default penalty. Therefore, KS Corp. derecognized the aforementioned guarantee deposit and related construction in progress and recorded losses in 2020, but no loss related to the default penalty was recognized. In addition, KS Corp. has filed a lawsuit against the request of Company B.

31. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Foreign Currency Amount	Exchange Rate		Carrying Amount	
December 31, 2021					
Monetary financial assets					
USD	\$ 292,094	27.68	(USD:NTD)	\$ 8,085,151	
USD	36,294	7.7994	(USD:HKD)	1,004,607	
USD	22,031	6.3730	(USD:RMB)	609,806	
USD	1,593	23,066.67	(USD:VND)	44,091	
USD	1,161	33.16	(USD:THB)	32,132	
Nonmonetary financial assets Investments accounted for using the equity method					
USD	12,820	27.68	(USD:NTD)	354,854	
RMB	204,192	4.3433	(RMB:NTD)	886,869	
RMB	1,509,154	1.2238	(RMB:HKD)	6,556,083	
JPY	514,233	0.2405	(JPY:NTD)	123,673	
HKD	2,082,458	3.5490	(HKD:NTD)	7,391,983	
THB	223,415	0.8347	(THB:NTD)	186,484	
				(Continued)	

	Foreign Currency Amount	Excha	nge Rate	Carrying Amount
Monetary financial liabilities USD USD USD USD USD USD	\$ 290,212 19,581 23,049 9,090 1,940	27.68 7.7994 6.3730 23,066.67 33.16	(USD:NTD) (USD:HKD) (USD:RMB) (USD:VND) (USD:THB)	\$ 8,033,055 541,991 638,007 251,602 53,705
December 31, 2020				
Monetary financial assets USD	216,737 33,776 22,747 2,191 1,011	28.48 7.7539 6.5295 25,657.66 29.8	(USD:NTD) (USD:HKD) (USD:RMB) (USD:VND) (USD:THB)	6,172,663 961,941 647,823 62,406 28,790
USD	11,806	28.48	(USD:NTD)	336,226
RMB RMB JPY HKD THB	175,480 1,293,025 466,818 1,751,208 186,628	4.3617 1.1875 0.2763 3.6730 0.9556	(RMB:NTD) (RMB:HKD) (JPY:NTD) (HKD:NTD) (THB:NTD)	765,397 5,638,929 128,982 6,432,186 178,342
Monetary financial liabilities				
USD USD USD USD USD USD	211,176 16,090 26,858 7,511 1,355	28.48 7.7539 6.5295 25,657.66 29.8	(USD:NTD) (USD:HKD) (USD:RMB) (USD:VND) (USD:THB)	6,014,305 458,256 764,904 213,921 38,580 (Concluded)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, realized and unrealized net foreign exchange gains (losses) were gains \$14,288 thousand and losses \$31,107 thousand, respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the Group.

33. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

- a. Information about significant transactions
 - 1) Financing provided to others: Table 1
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: Table 2
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): Table 3

- 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital:
- 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4
- 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5
- 9) Trading in derivative instruments: Note 7, in addition, the Group incurred a net loss of \$7,465 thousand on derivative instruments transactions for the year ended December 31, 2021.
- 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 9
- b. Information on investees: Table 6
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 7
 - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period: Table 8
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period: Table 8
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses: None
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes: Table 2
 - e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds: Table 1
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services.
 - The Company's other significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

Counterparty	Line Item	Amount		
Shanghai Yikang	Other income	\$ 28,030		
Shanghai Yikang	Commission expense	139,854		
Shanghai Yikang	Other receivables	52,394		
Shanghai Yikang	Other payables	46,212		

d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder: Table 10

33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is distinguished by operating area and categories of merchandise and service. The Group's reportable segments were as follows:

- Wah Lee Industrial Corporation ("Wah Lee") is mainly engaged in the import/export and agency business of composite materials, engineering plastic, printed circuit board, semiconductor, and computer related manufacturing materials and equipment.
- Raycong H.K. and its subsidiary Dongguan Hua Gang ("Raycong") are mainly engaged in the trade of engineering plastic, composite materials and equipment.
- Shanghai Yikang is mainly engaged in trade of manufacturing materials and import/export business.
- Others Other subsidiaries which were below the quantitative threshold were not listed as reportable segments. Please refer to Note 12 for details.

Segment revenue and results

a. The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operations by reportable segment:

	Wah Lee	Raycong	Shanghai Yikang	Others	Adjustment and Elimination	Total	
For the year ended December 31, 2021							
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$ 38,894,325 	\$ 14,390,533 59,495	\$ 13,015,416 <u>283,193</u>	\$ 4,215,029 <u>88,779</u>	\$ - _(4,419,250)	\$ 70,515,303 	
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 42,882,108</u>	<u>\$ 14,450,028</u>	<u>\$ 13,298,609</u>	\$ 4,303,808	<u>\$ (4,419,250)</u>	\$ 70,515,303	
Segment income Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Financial costs Profit before income tax Income tax expense	\$ 1,134,683 602 196,524 (45,560) (70,499) 1,215,750 (450,758)	\$ 652,194 8,185 5,377 6,910 (36,052) 636,614 (153,820)	\$ 935,840 39,312 62,522 (3,215) (23,106) 1,011,353 (266,550) \$ 744,803	\$ 252,757 1,636 17,636 (41,488) (42,224) 188,317 (35,535) \$ 152,782	\$ 97,236 (181) (126,475) 10,108 2,438 (16,874) (148) \$ (17,022)	\$ 3,072,710 49,554 155,584 (73,245) (169,443) 3,035,160 (906,811)	
Net profit after tax Share of profit or loss of associates under the equity method	<u>\$ 764,992</u>	<u>\$ 482,794</u>	<u>\$ 744,803</u>	<u>\$ 152,782</u>	<u>\$ (17,022)</u>	2,128,349 980,823	
Consolidated net profit						\$ 3,109,172	

(Continued)

	Wah Lee	Raycong	Shanghai Yikang	Others	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
December 31, 2021						
Identifiable assets Goodwill Investment accounted for using the	<u>\$ 18,554,900</u>	\$ 7,241,712	\$ 8,799,012	\$ 6,260,154	\$ (1,036,745)	\$ 39,819,033 111,203
equity method						5,956,734
Total assets						\$ 45,886,970
For the year ended December 31, 2020						
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$ 30,162,503 3,073,988	\$ 12,929,949 63,123	\$ 12,626,605 206,832	\$ 3,361,863 200,102	\$ - (3,544,045)	\$ 59,080,920
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 33,236,491</u>	<u>\$ 12,993,072</u>	<u>\$ 12,833,437</u>	\$ 3,561,965	<u>\$ (3,544,045</u>)	\$ 59,080,920
Segment income Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Financial costs Profit before income tax Income tax expense	\$ 640,341 709 189,594 (49,813) (79,298) 701,533 (245,349)	\$ 535,813 2,261 13,449 9,463 (48,207) 512,779 (125,229)	\$ 629,162 46,104 44,430 (17,844) (37,670) 664,182 (171,269)	\$ 222,259 2,944 9,307 (8,981) (40,584) 184,945 (46,932)	\$ 80,340 (105,043) 15,726 1,110 (7,867) (740)	\$ 2,107,915 52,018 151,737 (51,449) (204,649) 2,055,572 (589,519)
Net profit after tax Share of profit or loss of associates under the equity method	<u>\$ 456,184</u>	\$ 387,550	<u>\$ 492,913</u>	\$ 138,013	<u>\$ (8,607)</u>	1,466,053 580,063
Consolidated net profit December 31, 2020						\$ 2,046,116
Identifiable assets Goodwill Investment accounted for using the equity method	<u>\$ 14,045,546</u>	<u>\$ 6,738,647</u>	<u>\$ 8,596,468</u>	\$ 5,416,032	<u>\$ (979,615)</u>	\$ 33,817,078 111,809 4,826,082
Total assets					(\$ 38,754,969 (Concluded)

Segment profit represented the profit before tax earned by each segment without share of profits of associates. This was the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance. For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments, all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interests in associates accounted for using the equity method.

b. Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from continuing customers from its major products and services:

	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2021	2020				
IT industry	\$ 23,310,323	\$ 20,224,937				
FPD industry	21,413,132	16,249,182				
Semiconductor industry	14,024,958	12,129,747				
PCB industry	6,833,319	6,369,176				
Opto-electronics	1,895,553	1,640,036				
Others	3,038,018	2,467,842				
	\$ 70,515,303	\$ 59,080,920				

c. Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of customers and information about its noncurrent assets by location of assets are detailed below:

		ie from Customers						
	For the Y	ear Ended	Noncurrent Assets					
	Decem	iber 31	December 31					
	2021	2020		2021		2020		
Taiwan	\$ 18,790,135	\$ 17,279,050	\$	4,702,715	\$	3,687,029		
China	36,221,219	32,094,120		504,609		438,468		
Others	15,503,949	9,707,750		463,442		564,645		
	\$ 70,515,303	\$ 59,080,920	\$	5,670,766	\$	4,690,142		

Noncurrent assets exclude investments under the equity method, financial assets, deferred tax assets, and goodwill.

d. Information about major customers

No single customer contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

WAH LEE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Financing Company	Counterparty	Financial Statement Account	Related Party	Maximum Balance for the Year	Ending Balance (Note 1)	Actual Amount Drawn (Notes 1 and 4)	Interest Rate (%)	Drawn Boto (9/)					Business Transaction Amount	Reasons for Short-Term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower (Note 2)	Aggregate Financing Limit (Note 2)	Note
													Item	Value	(, , , ,						
0	The Company	KS Corp.	Other receivables - related	Yes	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ -	-	Financing	\$ -	Operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 251,548	\$ 1,569,830					
1	Shanghai Yikang	Fenghuang Xingwah Shouzheng	parties Other receivables - related parties	Yes	17,453	17,373	2,653	5.92	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	1,546,185	1,546,185					
1	Shanghai Yikang	Shanghai Yadi	Other receivables - related parties	Yes	65,448	65,150	46,690	5.31	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	1,546,185	1,546,185					
2	Shenzhen Huaying	Xiamen Hua Chen Da	Other receivables - related parties	Yes	8,831	8,687	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	63,696	63,696					
4	KS Corp.	KSA Corp.	Other receivables - related parties	Yes	30,000	15,000	-	-	Short-term financing	-	Operating capital	-	-	-	188,661	188,661					

- Note 1: RMB is converted by the spot exchange RMB1=NT\$4.3433.
- Note 2: The aggregate financing limit for the subsidiaries in need of short-term financing shall not exceed 10% of the Company's equity; the financing limit for each counterparty shall not exceed 5% of the Company's equity and shall not exceed 40% of each counterparty's equity.
- Note 3: The individual and aggregate financing limit for the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company shall not exceed 30% of the financing company's equity.
- Note 4: It was eliminated on consolidation.

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Endorsee	e/Guarantee						Ratio of					
No.	Endorsement/Guarantee Provider	Name	Relationship	/Guarantee Given	Maximum Amount Endorsed /Guaranteed During the Year	Outstanding Endorsement /Guarantee at The End of the Year (Notes 8)	Actual Borrowing Amount (Notes 8)	Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements (%)	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Notes 1-7)	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	Guarantee Provided	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China	Note
0	The Company	Nagase Wahlee Plastics Corp.	Shareholder of an investee provides endorsements/guarante es to the company in proportion to the shareholding percentage	\$ 3,139,660	\$ 1,080,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 490,472	\$ -	3.82	\$ 15,698,299	N	N	N	
0	The Company	Asahi Kasei Wah Lee Hi-tech Corp.	Shareholder of an investee provides endorsements/guarante es to the company in proportion to the shareholding percentage	3,139,660	50,388	25,194	-	-	0.16	15,698,299	N	N	N	
0	The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Subsidiary of the Company	3,139,660	190,213	138,400	9,664	-	0.88	15,698,299	Y	N	Y	
0	The Company	Dongguan Hua Gang	Subsidiary of the	4,709,490	255,510	-	-	-	-	15,698,299	Y	N	Y	
0	The Company	Raycong H.K., Shanghai Yikang and Dongguar Hua Gang		3,139,660	120,000	120,000	120,000	-	0.76	15,698,299	Y	N	Y	
0	The Company	Shanghai Hua Chang Trading Co., Ltd.	Shareholder of an investee provides endorsements/guarante es to the company in proportion to the shareholding percentage	3,139,660	1,501,831	822,096	553,848	-	5.24	15,698,299	N	N	Y	
0	The Company	WL Singapore	Subsidiary of the Company	4,709,490	753,324	536,992	294,146	-	3.42	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	Sakuragawa Solar Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company	3,139,660	171,651	69,898	66,868	-	0.45	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	Miyazaki Solar Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company	3,139,660	309,896	207,927	204,808	-	1.32	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	WL Indonesia	Subsidiary of the	3,139,660	172,670	130,096	-	-	0.83	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	WL Vietnam	Company Subsidiary of the Company	4,709,490	489,228	265,728	154,198	-	1.69	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	WT Industrial	Subsidiary of the	3,139,660	549,822	390,639	138,620	-	2.49	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	Wah Lee Philippines Inc	Company Subsidiary of the	3,139,660	111,400	55,360	-	-	0.35	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
0	The Company	KS Corp.	Company Subsidiary of the Company	3,139,660	277,081	277,081	277,081	277,081	1.77	15,698,299	Y	N	N	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Shanghai Yadi	Subsidiary of the	1,030,790	123,637	121,612	70,580	-	2.36	2,576,976	Y	N	Y	
2	KS Corp.	KSA Corp.	Company Subsidiary of the	176,094	1,382	1,382	1,353	-	0.22	352,188	Y	N	N	
2	KS Corp.	KSB Corp.	Company Subsidiary of the Company	2,113,128	200,000	200,000	17,434	11,130	31.80	3,521,880	Y	N	N	

		Endorse	ee/Guarantee						Ratio of					
No.	Endorsement/Guarantee Provider	Name	Relationship	Limit on Endorsement /Guarantee Given on Benefit of Each Party (Notes 1-7)	Maximum Amount Endorsed /Guaranteed During the Year	Outstanding Endorsement /Guarantee at The End of the Year (Notes 8)	Actual Borrowing Amount (Notes 8)	Amount of Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements (%)	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Notes 1-7)	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company	lGuarantee Provided by Subsidiary	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China	Note
2	KS Corp.	KSA Corp.	Subsidiary of the Company	\$ 2,113,128	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 117,819	\$ 61,300	79.51	\$ 3,521,880	Y	N	N	
2	KS Corp.	KSD Corp.	Subsidiary of the Company	2,113,128	500,000	500,000	103,427	67,000	79.51	3,521,880	Y	N	N	
2	KS Corp.	KSC Corp.	Subsidiary of the Company	2,113,128	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	1,000	238.52	3,521,880	Y	N	N	
3	KSA Corp.	KSB Corp.	The Company is required to provide guarantees or endorsements for the construction project based on the construction contract		100,000	-	-	-	-	9,195,000	N	N	N	
3	KSA Corp.	KS Corp.	The Company is required to provide guarantees or endorsements for the construction project based on the construction contract		1,800,000	-	-	-	-	9,195,000	N	Y	N	
4	KSB Corp.	KSA Corp.	The Company is required to provide guarantees or endorsements for the construction project based on the construction contract		400,000	-	-	-	-	4,452,000	N	N	N	
4	KSB Corp.	KS Corp.	The Company is required to provide guarantees or endorsements for the construction project based on the construction contract		1,800,000	-	-	-	-	4,452,000	N	Y	N	
5	Dongguan Hua Gang	Guangjou Shing Shian	Subsidiary of the Company	820,799	177,898	174,249	84,492	-	6.37	1,367,999	Y	N	Y	1
6	Raycong H.K.	Xiamen Hua Chen Da	Subsidiary of the Company	1,478,397	28,535	27,680	8,782	-	0.37	3,695,992	Y	N	Y	

- Note 1: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party shall not exceed 20% of the equity of the Company. If the Company directly or indirectly holds 100% of the equity of the endorse or guarantee, the limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party shall not exceed 30% of the equity of the Company. The maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 100% of the equity of the Company.
- Note 2: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party shall not exceed 20% of the equity of Shanghai Yikang. The maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the equity of Shanghai Yikang.
- Note 3: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party shall not exceed 30% of the equity of Dongguan Hua Gang. The maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the equity of Dongguan Hua Gang.
- Note 4: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of each party shall not exceed 20% of the equity of Raycong H.K.. The maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the equity of Raycong H.K.
- Note 5: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given to each party, based on the construction project, shall not exceed 600% of the paid-in capital of KS Corp.; the maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 1000% of the paid-in capital of KS Corp. The limit on endorsement/guarantee given to each party, not based on the construction project, shall not exceed 50% of the paid-in capital of KS Corp. The total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 100% of the paid-in capital of KS Corp.
- Note 6: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given to each party, based on the construction project, shall not exceed 10,000% of the paid-in capital of KSA Corp.; the maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 15,000% of the paid-in capital of KSA Corp.
- Note 7: The limit on endorsement/guarantee given to each party, based on the construction project, shall not exceed 20,000% of the paid-in capital of KSB Corp.; the maximum total amount of endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 40,000% of the paid-in capital of KSB Corp.
- Note 8: USD is converted by spot exchange USD1=NT\$27.68; JPY is converted by spot exchange JPY1=NT\$0.2405; RMB is converted by spot exchange RMB=NT\$4.3433; THB is converted by spot exchange THB1=NT\$0.8347.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD DECEMBER 31, 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					December 3	31, 2021		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with The Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
The Company	Stock							
The Company	Chang Wah Technology Co. Ltd.	Associate's subsidiary	Financial assets at FVTOCI - current	2,000,000	<u>\$ 209,000</u>	-	<u>\$ 209,000</u>	
	Daily Polymer Corp.	The Company is the director of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI -	2,154,410	\$ 32,532	3.09	\$ 32,532	
	Wah Yuen Technology Holding Limited	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	1,968,180	76,569	0.75	76,569	
	JingYi Technology Co.	The Company is the director of the company		2,066,432	106,833	16.94	106,833	
	High Power Optoelectronics Inc.		Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	67,991	-	0.12	-	
	Asahi Kasei Wah Lee Hi-tech Corp.	The Company is the director of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	9,497	90,752	19.38	90,752	
	Forcera Materials Co., Ltd.	The Company is the director of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	2,102,476	56,557	8.83	56,557	
	Univision Technology Holdings	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	38,794,190	-	9.10	-	
	Minima Co., Ltd.	The Company is the director of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	3,600,000	66,223	9.23	66,223	
	Ltd.	The Company is the supervisor of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	2,300,000	11,883	6.57	11,883	
	Shilian Fine Chemicals Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	11,871,585	79,046	4.57	79,046	
	CDIB Capital Group.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	3,500,000	44,544	2.86	44,544	
	Darco Water Technologies Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	7,649,782	23,477	8.15	23,477	
	Eleocom Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	1,500,000	-	10.71	-	
	Tien Li Offshore Wind Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	956,344	86,913	1.47	86,913	
	Locus Cell Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	5,000,000	50,000	2.50	50,000	

					December 3	31, 2021		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with The Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
	Phoenix II Venture Capital Co., TLtd.	The Company is the director of the company	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	1,000,000	\$ 10,000	2.34	\$ 10,000	
					<u>\$ 735,329</u>		<u>\$ 735,329</u>	
SHC Holding Ltd.	Guangzhou Yonguang Optoelectronics Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at FVTOCI - noncurrent	-	<u>\$</u>	12.82	<u>\$ -</u>	
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	Mutual funds JPMorgan Funds- Multi-Revenue Fund-A (acc)	-	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	7,737	\$ 48,264	-	\$ 48,264	
	- USD JPMorgan Funds-Income Fund A (dist) - USD	-	Financial assets at FVTPL - current	29,187	27,137	-	27,137	
					<u>\$ 75,401</u>		<u>\$ 75,401</u>	

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Buyer	Related Party	Relationship	Downles and	Transaction 1			Abnormal T	ransaction	Notes/Accounts Recei	ivable (Payable)	Note
Buyer	Related Party	Keiauonsnip	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% of Total	Note
The Company	Raycong H.K.	Subsidiary	Sales	\$ (1,360,036)	(3)	30 to 90 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	\$ 269,226	3	Note
	Dongguan Hua Gang	Subsidiary	Sales	(1,052,672)	(2)	30 to 120 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	79,900	1	Note
	Shanghai Yikang	Subsidiary	Sales	(855,264)	(2)	30 to 120 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	158,391	2	Note
	KSD Corp.	Subsidiary	Sales	(304,696)	(1)	14 to 90 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	274,568	3	Note
	CWE Inc.	Associate accounted for using the equity method	Sales	(271,495)	(1)	90 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	70,893	1	
	WT Indonesia	Subsidiary	Sales	(117,607)	-	30 to 60 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	10,109	-	Note
	Nagase Wahlee Plastics.	Associate accounted for using the equity method	Purchase	209,005	1	60 to 90 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	(51,937)	(1)	
	Asahi Kasei Wah Lee Hi-tech Corp.	The Company is the director of the Company	Purchase	1,319,886	3	105 days after monthly closing	No comparable transactions with third party	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	(387,585)	(7)	
Raycong H.K.	Dongguan Hua Gang	Subsidiary	Sales	(646,049)	(15)	30 to 180 days after monthly closing	Normal trade terms	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third parties	65,396	7	Note

	D. (177)			Transaction 1	Details	T	Abnormal Tr	ansaction	Notes/Accounts Recei	vable (Pavable)	
Buyer	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% of Total	Note
WL Indonesia	WT Indonesia	Brother Company	Sales	\$ (102,539)	(100)	60 days after monthly closing		The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those with third	\$ 23.281	100	Note
Shanghai Yikang	Shanghai Hua Chang Trading Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of associate accounted for using the equity method	Purchase	168,184		30 days after monthly closing		different from	(15 150)	1	
											(Concluded

Note: It was eliminated on consolidation.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover	Over	due	Amount Received in	Allowance for
Company Traine	Related 1 arey	Relationship	(Notes 1 and 2)	Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Subsequent Period	Impairment Loss
The Company	Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. KSD Corp.	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	\$ 210,785 293,795 274,568	3.19 5.00 2.26	\$ - - -	- - -	\$ 176,629 132,175 14.632	\$ - - -
	Raycong H.K. KSD Corp. CWE Inc.	Subsidiary Subsidiary Associate accounted for using the equity method	293,795 274,568 146,096			-	132,175 14,632 146,096	-

Note 1: Including accounts receivable and other receivables. Other receivables are mainly service revenue and dividends from related parties.

Note 2: Receivables from subsidiary were eliminated on consolidation.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Campana Nama	Investos Comment	Location	Main Businesses and Bushness	Original Inves	tment Amount	Number of	%	Carrying Amount	Net Income (Loss) of	Share of Profit (Loss)) Nata
Company Name	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares	%0	(Note 2)	the Investee	(Notes 1 and 2)	Note
The Company	Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	BVI	International investment business	\$ 430,666	\$ 430,666	13,070,000	100.00	\$ 4,769,943	\$ 623,642	\$ 623,573	Subsidiary
The Company	Raycong H.K.	Hong Kong	Trading business of engineering plastic,	304,113	304,113	56,000,000	53.69	3,966,512	1,010,362	542,414	Subsidiary
L			composite materials and equipment	440.040	440.040	407.002.400	20 - 4		4 = 2 = 200	702 040	
The Company	CWE Inc.	Taiwan	Agency of IC packaging material and equipment	449,349	449,349	197,902,180	28.71	3,194,774	1,725,500	502,869	Associate
The Company	Nagase Wahlee Plastics Corp.	Taiwan	Trading business of synthetic resin product and related material, agency of domestic and international products distribution quotation and bidding business		20,810	4,000,000	40.00	811,217	472,467	188,987	Associate
The Company	Wah Hong Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of LCD material, BMC (bulk molding compound) material and molded product	943,032	942,926	26,122,978	26.52	1,096,529	427,293	113,550	Associate
The Company	ORC Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Trading business and service of exposure machine and parts	6,000	6,000	600,000	35.00	76,590	86,553	29,232	Associate
The Company	WL Japan	Japan	Trading business of synthetic resin, industrial plastic, molding machine, electromechanical parts	21,490	21,490	1,500	83.33	4,285	(48)	(41)	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Korea	South Korea	Trading business of synthetic resin, industrial plastic, molding machine, electromechanical parts	18,856	18,856	147,000	100.00	2,214	1,605	1,605	Subsidiary
The Company	Sakuragawa Solar Ltd.	Japan	Solar power generation business	46,008	46,008	-	99.99	82,913	8,049	8,049	Subsidiary
The Company	Miyazaki Solar Ltd.	Japan	Solar power generation business	82,103	82,103	-	99.99	36,475	4,188	4,188	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of industrial materials	48,261	48,261	1,610,000	70.00	36,017	(270)	(189)	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Vietnam	Vietnam	Trading business of industrial materials	16,293	16,293	-	100.00	59,395	18,310	18,310	Subsidiary
The Company	Tranceed Logistics	Taiwan	Freight forwarders and leasing business	95,000	95,000	9,500,000	63.33	139,048	26,177	16,578	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Green Corp.	Taiwan	Renewable energy self-use power generation equipment business	-	2,000	-	-	-	(1,853)	(463)	Subsidiary
The Company	WT Industrial	Thailand	Trading business of industrial materials	200,000	200,000	7,650	51.00	198,042	86,113	36,213	Subsidiary
The Company	Eco Energy Corp.	Taiwan	Renewable energy self-use power generation equipment business	-	80,000	-	-	-	12,966	2,593	Associate
The Company	KS Corp.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	661,053	468,384	27,708,077	78.67	669,945	(16,436)	(21,536)	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Philippines Corp.	Philippines	Trading business of industrial materials	7,755	7,755	127,495	99.99	6,263	(593)	(593)	Subsidiary
The Company	WL Philippines Inc.	Philippines	Trading business of industrial materials	7,747	7,747	126,997	99.99	3,719	(2,297)	(2,297)	Subsidiary
The Company	WH Energy	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	90,000	30,000	9,000,000	100.00	93,206	3,305	3,305	Subsidiary
The Company	ORC Co.	Taiwan	Trading business of industrial materials	4,000	4,000	400,000	40.00	15,938	29,841	11,938	Joint Venture
The Company	Evergreen New Energy Corporation	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	500	-	50,000	100.00	500	-	-	Subsidiary
Tranceed Logistics	Cyuancheng Logistics	Taiwan	Freight forwarders and leasing business	42,947	12,947	5,500,000	100.00	40,709	(1,343)	(1,539)	Subsidiary
KS Corp.	KSA Corp.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	55,000	55,000	6,130,000	100.00	68,996	6,325	6,325	Subsidiary
KS Corp.	KSB Corp.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	10,000	10,000	1,113,000	100.00	12,283	882	882	Subsidiary

Character N.	Invest C	T	Mala Barbara IB I	Original Inves	stment Amount	Number of	0.1	Carrying Amount	Net Income (Loss) of	Share of Profit (Loss)	NT 4
Company Name	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2021		Shares	%	(Note 2)	the Investee	(Notes 1 and 2)	Note
KS Corp.	WL Green Corp.	Taiwan	Renewable energy self-use power	\$ -	\$ 4,320	_	_	\$ -	\$ (1,853)	\$ (1,390)	Subsidiary
KS Corp.	w L Green Corp.	laiwaii	generation equipment business	φ -	\$ 4,320	_	_	φ -	\$ (1,655)	\$ (1,390)	Subsidiary
KS Corp.	Eco Energy Corp.	Taiwan	Renewable energy self-use power	_	80,000	_	-	_	12,966	2,593	Associate
	Dec Energy corp.		generation equipment business						,	_,-,-,-	rissociate
KS Corp.	KSC Corp.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	1,000	1,000	100,000	100.00	571	(346)	(346)	Subsidiary
KS Corp.	KSD Corp.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	67,000	67,000	6,700,000	100.00	65,779	(1,028)		Subsidiary
KS Corp.	HGE Co.	Taiwan	Solar power generation business	44,820	-	4,482,000	64.99	42,714	(3,290)	(2,106)	Associate
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	SHC Holding Ltd.	Mauritius	International investment business	43,892	43,892	1,290,000	100.00	883,761	123,781	123,781	Subsidiary
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	WL Singapore	Singapore	Agency of semiconductor materials and equipment	51,639	51,639	1,600,000	100.00	366,416	28,515	28,515	Subsidiary
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	Raycong H.K.	Hong Kong	Trading business of engineering plastic, composite materials and equipment	943,164	943,164	48,296,655	46.31	3,423,006	1,010,362	467,868	Subsidiary
Wah Lee Holding Ltd.	Regent King	Hong Kong	Trading business of engineering plastic, composite materials and equipment	39	39	10,000	100.00	3,108	808	808	Subsidiary
WT Industrial	WT Indonesia	Indonesia	Trading business of industrial materials	3,953	3,953	18,150	66.00	3,856	3,112	2,054	Subsidiary
WL Singapore	Gishine Tech Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Research and development of	-	-	-	49.00	-	-	-	Associate
			environmental protection and cleaning								
			technology								
					1	1				(6	oncluded)

Note 1: The share of profit (loss) recognized for the year ended December 31, 2021 included eliminated unrealized gains or losses and amortization of investment premium.

Note 2: The share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation.

Note 3: Please refer to Table 7 for information on investments in mainland China.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Accumulated	Remittano	e of Funds	Accumulated						
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Outward	Inward	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 1)	Carrying Amount as of December 31 2021		Note
Dongguan Hua Gang	Trading business of industrial materials	\$ 1,132,384	Invested through the third region, Raycong H.K.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 415,100	100.00	\$ 415,100	\$ 2,731,099	\$ -	
Shanghai Yikang	Trading business of industrial materials	986,547	Invested through the third region, Raycong H.K.	340,629	-	-	340,629	742,632	70.00	519,842	3,624,985	-	
Shenzhen Huaying	Supply chain management and consultancy service	23,982	Invested through the third region, Raycong H.K.	-	-	-	-	5,368	100.00	5,368	212,321	-	
Shanghai Wah Chang Trading Co., Ltd.	International trading and trading consulting; trading agent and commercial simple processing within enterprises in the bonded area	66,432	Invested through the third region, SHC Holding Ltd.	43,714	-	-	43,714	437,440	30.00	131,232	706,718	-	
Shanghai Yadi	Import and export of goods and technology	13,030	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shanghai Yikang	-	-	-	-	3,132	49.00	1,535	19,817	-	
Shanghai Lihuang	Medical devices and equipment	14,463	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shanghai Yikang	-	-	-	-	2,920	48.98	(511)	6,229	-	
Fenghuang Xinwah Shouzheng	Medical devices manufacturing technology developing and consulting	21,717	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shanghai Yikang	-	-	-	-	(1,679)	52.50	(882)	10,516	-	
Guangjou Shing Shian	Hospital management, medical equipment repair, wholesale of medical supplies	21,717	Invested through Chinese corporation, Dongguan Hua Gang	-	-	-	-	6,743	100.00	6,743	50,912	-	
Xiamen Hua Chen Da	Warehouse logistics	13,030	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shenzhen Huaying	-	-	-	-	(1,725)	70.00	(1,207)	6,246	-	
Xiamen Jian Yuan Rong Logistics Ltd.	Warehouse logistics	34,747	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shenzhen Huaying	-	-	-	-	(157)	30.00	(47)	9,299	-	
Xiamen Jia Cheng Yuan Trading and Development Co. Ltd.	Warehouse logistics	8,687	Invested through Chinese corporation, Shenzhen Huaying	-	-	-	-	(60)	30.00	(18)	2,955	-	
Kaiping Huaxinkang	Medical service	1	Invested through Chinese corporation, Guangjou Shing Shian	-	-	-	-	-	90.00	-	-	-	

Investee Company	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2021 (Note 3)	Investment Amount Authorized by	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 3)
The Company	\$ 384,343	\$ 2,480,528	\$ -

- Note 1: The disclosure of investment gains and losses this period are based on the following:
 - 1. Dongguan Hua Gang and Shanghai Yikang: audited by the Company's CPA.
 - 2. Others are based on unaudited financial statements.
- Note 2: The difference of \$2,096,185 thousand between accumulated outward remittance for investment in mainland China and investment amount authorized by investment commission, MOEA is due to investment of \$1,338,686 thousand (USD8,488 thousand and HKD267,000 thousand) through Raycong H.K., investment of \$111,175 thousand (USD3,572 thousand) through Wah Yuen Technology Holding Limited, transferred capital from retained earnings of \$434,385 thousand (USD13,790 thousand) of Shanghai Yikang, investment of \$14,500 thousand) through SHC Holding Ltd., investment without significant influence of \$42,644 thousand and the invested amount of \$154,795 thousand which had already been liquidated but not yet revoked.
- Note 3: Under the "Principles Governing the Review of Investments or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" issued by the Investment Commission on August 29, 2008, the Company had obtained the certificate issued by the Industrial Bureau of the Ministry of Economic Affairs in accordance with the business scope of the operating headquarters; thus, the amount that can be invested in companies located in mainland China is unlimited.

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD AREA, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Purchase/S	Sale		Transactio	on Details	Notes/Accounts I (Payable		Unrealized (Gain)	
Company Name	Investee Company	Transaction Type	Amount (Note)	%	Price	Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance (Note)	%	Loss	Note
The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Sales	\$ 855,264	2	Normal trade terms	30 to 120 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	\$ 158,391	2	\$ 883	
	Shanghai Yikang	Purchase	(43,093)	-	Normal trade terms	120 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	(176)	-	-	
	Dongguan Hua Gang	Sales	1,052,672	2	Normal trade terms	30 to 120 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	79,900	1	299	
	Dongguan Hua Gang	Purchase	(8,537)	-	Normal trade terms	60 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	(420)	-	-	
	Shanghai Lihuang	Sales	2,094	-	Normal trade terms	90 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	-	-	-	
Raycong H.K.	Dongguan Hua Gang	Sales	646,049	15	Normal trade terms	30 to 180 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	65,396	7	1,380	

	Investee Company	Transaction Type	Purchase/Sale			Transaction Details		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		TI 11 1/0 1/1	
Company Name			Amount (Note)	%	Price	Payment Terms	Comparison with Normal Transactions	Ending Balance (Note)	%	Unrealized (Gain) Loss	Note
	Dongguan Hua Gang	Purchase	\$ (31,463)	-	Normal trade terms 30	to 180 days after monthly closing	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third	\$ (11,644)	(4)	\$ -	
	Shanghai Yikang	Purchase	(10,629)	-	Normal trade terms 30	days after monthly closing	parties The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties	(1,370)	-	-	
WL Vietnam	Shanghai Yikang	Purchase	(10,450)	9	Normal trade terms 90	days after transactions	The terms with related parties are not significantly different from those to third parties			-	
											(Concluded

Note: It was eliminated on consolidation.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Transaction Details				
No.	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount	Payment Terms	% of Total Sales or Assets	
0	The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	\$ 855,264	According to the contract	1.00	
0	The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	158,391	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Parent to subsidiary	Other income	28,030	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Shanghai Yikang	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	52,394	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,360,036	According to the contract	2.00	
0	The Company	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	269,226	According to the contract	1.00	
0	The Company	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Other income	37,378	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	24,569	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Dongguan Hua Gang	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,053,904	According to the contract	1.00	
0	The Company	Dongguan Hua Gang	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	79,900	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KS Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	85,695	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KS Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	32,076	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KS Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Contract liabilities	17,823	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KSD Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	310,002	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KSD Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	274,568	According to the contract	1.00	
0	The Company	KSB Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	29,383	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	KSB Corp.	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	8,947	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WL Singapore	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	72,847	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WL Singapore	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	4,712	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WL Vietnam	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	98,373	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WL Vietnam	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	22,586	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WT Industrial	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	117,607	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WT Industrial	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	10,109	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WT Industrial	Parent to subsidiary	Other income	14,153	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	WT Industrial	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	7,882	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Tranceed Logistice	Parent to subsidiary	Other income	18,896	According to the contract	-	
0	The Company	Tranceed Logistice	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	8,097	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	The Company	Subsidiary to Parent	Operating revenue	182,947	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	The Company	Subsidiary to Parent	Accounts receivable	46,388	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	10,629	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Raycong H.K.	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,370	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Dongguan Hua Gang	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	82,977	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Dongguan Hua Gang	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	6,159	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	WL Vietnam	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	10,450	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	WL Vietnam	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	-	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Shanghai Yadi	Parent to subsidiary	Interest income	1,994	According to the contract	-	
1	Shanghai Yikang	Shanghai Yadi	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	47,399	According to the contract	-	

Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Tranceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KSA Corp.	The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Parent to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary	Financial Statement Accounts Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue	\$ 16,466 1,878 646,049 65,396 8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	% of Total Sales or Assets
Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Tranceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Parent to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Subsidiary Subsidiary to Subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	1,878 646,049 65,396 8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	- 1.00 - - - - - - - - -
Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Tranceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Parent to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Subsidiary Subsidiary to Subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	1,878 646,049 65,396 8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	1.00
Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Tranceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Parent to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable	646,049 65,396 8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	1.00
Raycong H.K. Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Dongguan Hua Gang The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Parent to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	65,396 8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	
Dongguan Hua Gang Tranceed Logistics Tranceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable	8,537 420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	-
Dongguan Hua Gang Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	420 27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	-
Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Shanghai Yikang Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	27,166 3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	-
Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Shanghai Yikang Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	3,085 31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	- - - - -
Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Raycong H.K. Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	31,463 11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract	-
Dongguan Hua Gang Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Raycong H.K. The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	11,644 86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract According to the contract According to the contract According to the contract	-
Franceed Logistics Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	86,476 33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract According to the contract According to the contract	-
Franceed Logistics Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	The Company Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to Parent Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable Operating revenue Accounts receivable	33,611 53,130 3,363	According to the contract According to the contract	
Shenzhen Huaying Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Dongguan Hua Gang Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue Accounts receivable	53,130 3,363	According to the contract	-
Shenzhen Huaying KS Corp. KS Corp.	Dongguan Hua Gang KSC Corp. WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	3,363		-
KS Corp. KS Corp.	KSC Corp. WH Energy	Parent to subsidiary			// ccording to the contract	
KS Corp.	WH Energy		Other receivable			-
•		Subsidiary to subsidiary	n. 10 1	50,979	According to the contract	-
KSA Corp.			Disposal of property, plant and equipment	23,578	According to the contract	-
	WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Disposal of property, plant and equipment	54,487	According to the contract	-
KSB Corp.	WH Energy	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Disposal of property, plant and equipment	13,623	According to the contract	-
WL Indonesia	WT Indonesia	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	102,539	According to the contract	_
WL Indonesia	WT Indonesia	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	23,281	According to the contract	-

WAH LEE INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Sha	res
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
Kang Tai Investment Co., Ltd. Fu Shih Investment Co., Ltd. Dragon Investment Co., Ltd.	19,499,338 15,357,494 11,858,950	8.26 6.50 5.02

Note: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter.